



Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1847

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom.

COME AND HEAR

WISEMAN'S

Orchestra

12.45, 4.30 and 7.30

[1917]

No. 18,691. 號一十九百八千八萬一第 日五初月一十年午戊 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7TH, 1918. 六拜禮 號七月二十年七國民華中 PRICES, 35 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY
PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Casks 75 lbs. net
In Bags 95 lbs. net
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers. 1663

AQUARIUS WATERS.

Shipped by the

AQUARIUS CO.,

SHANGHAI.

SOLE AGENTS:

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.

14 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Telephone No. 75.

CARTRIDGES ARRIVED!!!

A large consignment of SPORTING CARTRIDGES, principally loaded with E. C. Powder.

HONGKONG SPORTING ARMS AND AMMUNITION STORE,
5-6, Beaconsfield Arcade. [1898]

A LING & CO.

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS STORE.

Photographs Goods of Every Description in Stock.

Developing, Printing and Enlarging

Custom Made in Various Shades.

Telephone 1212. [1896]

PIKE TRAMWAY COMPANY LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE

WEEK DAYS	
7.00 a.m.	to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes
8.00	to 9.00 " " 10 "
9.00	to 10.00 " " 10 "
10.00	to 11.00 " " 10 "
11.00	to 12.00 p.m. " " 10 "
12.00 p.m.	to 1.00 p.m. " " 10 "
1.00	to 2.00 " " 10 "
2.00	to 3.00 " " 10 "
3.00	to 4.00 " " 10 "
4.00	to 5.00 " " 10 "
5.00	to 6.00 " " 10 "
6.00	to 7.00 " " 10 "
NIGHT CARS	
8.30 p.m.	9.30 p.m., 10 p.m., 10.30 p.m., 11.00 p.m., 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.

Extra Cars 1.30 p.m. and 12.00 Midnight SUNDAYS.

SUNDAYS	
7.30 a.m.	to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes
8.00	to 11.00 a.m. " " 10 "
11.30	to 12.00 noon " " 10 "
12.00 noon	to 12.30 p.m. " " 10 "
12.30 p.m.	to 1.30 p.m. " " 10 "
2.00	to 5.30 " " 10 "
5.30	to 6.00 " " 10 "
6.00	to 7.00 " " 10 "
7.00	to 8.00 " " 10 "
NIGHT CARS	
8.30 p.m.	9.30 p.m., 10 p.m., 10.30 p.m., 11.00 p.m., 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.

Special Cars by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Voeux Road Central.
Season and youth tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time-table, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Comproducers Order representing Bank Notes.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7TH, 1918, until further Notice.

DOWN TRAINS

Station	No. 1 Through Express a.m.	No. 2 Local a.m.	No. 3 Through Express p.m.	No. 4 Local p.m.	No. 5 Through Express p.m.	No. 6 Local p.m.	No. 7 Through Express p.m.	No. 8 Local p.m.
CANTON (Chai She Tsai)	7.30	8.00	11.15	11.45	1.00	1.30	2.00	2.30
HEI LUNG	7.45	8.15	11.30	12.00	1.15	1.45	2.15	2.45
Shum Chun	8.00	8.30	11.45	12.15	1.30	2.00	2.30	3.00
Shing Mun	8.15	8.45	12.00	12.30	1.45	2.15	2.45	3.15
Yuen Long	8.30	9.00	12.15	12.45	2.00	2.30	3.00	3.30
Yuen Tai	8.45	9.15	12.30	1.00	2.15	2.45	3.15	3.45
Yuen Tai	8.60	9.30	12.45	1.15	2.30	3.00	3.30	4.00
Yuen Tai	8.75	9.45	1.00	1.30	2.45	3.15	3.45	4.15
Yuen Tai	8.90	10.00	1.15	1.45	3.00	3.30	4.00	4.30
Yuen Tai	9.05	10.15	1.30	1.60	3.15	3.45	4.15	4.45
Yuen Tai	9.20	10.30	1.45	1.75	3.30	4.00	4.30	5.00
Yuen Tai	9.35	10.45	1.60	1.90	3.45	4.15	4.45	5.15
Yuen Tai	9.50	11.00	1.75	2.05	4.00	4.30	5.00	5.30
Yuen Tai	10.05	11.15	1.90	2.20	4.15	4.45	5.15	5.45
Yuen Tai	10.20	11.30	2.05	2.35	4.30	5.00	5.30	6.00
Yuen Tai	10.35	11.45	2.20	2.50	4.45	5.15	5.45	6.15
Yuen Tai	10.50	12.00	2.35	2.65	5.00	5.30	6.00	6.30
Yuen Tai	11.05	12.15	2.50	2.80	5.15	5.45	6.15	6.45
Yuen Tai	11.20	12.30	2.65	2.95	5.30	6.00	6.30	7.00
Yuen Tai	11.35	12.45	2.80	3.10	5.45	6.15	6.45	7.15
Yuen Tai	11.50	1.00	2.95	3.25	6.00	6.30	7.00	7.30
Yuen Tai	12.05	1.15	3.10	3.40	6.15	6.45	7.15	7.45
Yuen Tai	12.20	1.30	3.25	3.55	6.30	7.00	7.30	8.00
Yuen Tai	12.35	1.45	3.40	3.70	6.45	7.15	7.45	8.15
Yuen Tai	12.50	2.00	3.55	3.85	7.00	7.30	8.00	8.30
Yuen Tai	1.05	2.15	3.70	4.00	7.15	7.45	8.15	8.45
Yuen Tai	1.20	2.30	3.85	4.15	7.30	8.00	8.30	9.00
Yuen Tai	1.35	2.45	4.00	4.30	7.45	8.15	8.45	9.15
Yuen Tai	1.50	2.60	4.15	4.45	8.00	8.30	9.00	9.30
Yuen Tai	2.05	2.75	4.30	4.60	8.15	8.45	9.15	9.45
Yuen Tai	2.20	2.90	4.45	4.75	8.30	9.00	9.30	10.00
Yuen Tai	2.35	3.05	4.60	4.90	8.45	9.15	9.45	10.15
Yuen Tai	2.50	3.20	4.75	5.05	9.00	9.30	10.00	10.30
Yuen Tai	3.05	3.35	4.90	5.20	9.15	9.45	10.15	10.45
Yuen Tai	3.20	3.50	5.05	5.35	9.30	10.00	10.30	11.00
Yuen Tai	3.35	3.65	5.20	5.50	9.45	10.15	10.45	11.15
Yuen Tai	3.50	3.80	5.35	5.65	10.00	10.30	11.00	11.30
Yuen Tai	4.05	3.95	5.50	5.80	10.15	10.45	11.15	11.45
Yuen Tai	4.20	4.10	5.65	5.95	10.30	11.00	11.30	12.00
Yuen Tai	4.35	4.25	5.80	6.10	10.45	11.15	11.45	12.15
Yuen Tai	4.50	4.40	5.95	6.25	11.00	11.30	12.00	12.30
Yuen Tai	5.05	4.55	6.10	6.40	11.15	11.45	12.15	12.45
Yuen Tai	5.20	4.70	6.25	6.55	11.30	12.00	12.30	13.00
Yuen Tai	5.35	4.85	6.40	6.70	11.45	12.15	12.45	13.15
Yuen Tai	5.50	5.00	6.55	6.85	12.00	12.30	13.00	13.30
Yuen Tai	6.05	5.15	6.70	7.00	12.15	12.45	13.15	13.45
Yuen Tai	6.20	5.30	6.85	7.15	12.30	13.00	13.30	14.00
Yuen Tai	6.35	5.45	7.00	7.30	12.45	13.15	13.45	14.15
Yuen Tai	6.50	5.60	7.15	7.45	1.00	13.30	14.00	14.30
Yuen Tai	7.05	5.75	7.30	7.60	1.15	13.45	14.15	14.45
Yuen Tai	7.20	5.90	7.45	7.75	1.30	14.00	14.30	15.00
Yuen Tai	7.35	6.05	7.60	7.90	1.45	14.15	14.45	15.15
Yuen Tai	7.50	6.20	7.75	8.05	1.60	14.30	14.60	15.30
Yuen Tai	8.05	6.35	7.90	8.20	1.75	14.45	14.75	15.45
Yuen Tai	8.20	6.50	8.05	8.35	1.90	15.00	15.30	16.00
Yuen Tai	8.35	6.65	8.20	8.50	2.05	15.15	15.45	16.15
Yuen Tai	8.50	6.80	8.35	8.65	2.20	15.30	15.60	16.30
Yuen Tai	9.05	6.95	8.50	8.80	2.35	15.45	15.75	16.45
Yuen Tai	9.20	7.10	8.65	8.95	2.50	16.00	16.30	17.00
Yuen Tai	9.35	7.25	8.80	9.10	2.65	16.15	16.45	17.15
Yuen Tai	9.50	7.40	8.95	9.25	2.80	16.30	16.60	17.30
Yuen Tai	10.05	7.55	9.10	9.40	2.95	16.45	16.75	17.45
Yuen Tai	10.20	7.70	9.25	9.55	3.10	16.60	16.90	17.60
Yuen Tai	10.35	7.85	9.40	10.10	3.25	16.75	17.05	17.75
Yuen Tai	10.50	8.00	9.55	10.25	3.40	16.90	17.20	17.90
Yuen Tai	11.05	8.15	10.10	10.40	3.55	17.05	17.35	18.05
Yuen Tai	11.20	8.30	10.25	10.55	3.70	17.20	17.50	18.20
Yuen Tai	11.35	8.45	10.40	11.10	3.85	17.35	17.65	18.35
Yuen Tai	11.50	8.60	10.55	11.25	4.00	17.50	17.80	18.50
Yuen Tai	12.05	8.75	11.10	11.40	4.15	17.65	17.95	18.65
Yuen Tai	12.20	8.90	11.25	11.55	4.30	17.80	18.10	18.80
Yuen Tai	12.35	9.05	11.40	12.10	4.45	17.95	18.25	18.95
Yuen Tai	12.50	9.20	11.55	12.25	4.60	18.10	18.40	19.10
Yuen Tai	1.05	9.35	12.10	12.40	4.75	18.25	18.55	19.25
Yuen Tai	1.20	9.50	12.25	12.55	4.90	18.40	18.70	19.40
Yuen Tai	1.35	10.05	12.40	1.10	5.05	18.55	18.85	19.55
Yuen Tai	1.50	10.20	12.55	1.25	5.20	18.70	19.00	20.10
Yuen Tai	2.05	10.35	1.10	1.40	5.35	18.85	19.15	20.25
Yuen Tai	2.20	10.50	1.25	1.55	5.50	19.00	19.30	20.40
Yuen Tai	2.35	11.05	1.40	1.70	5.65	19.15	19.45	20.55
Yuen Tai	2.50	11.20	1.55	1.85	5.80	19.30	19.60	21.10
Yuen Tai	3.05	11.35	2.10	2.00	5.95	19.45	19.75	21.25
Yuen Tai	3.20	11.50	2.25	2.15	6.10	19.60	19.90	21.40
Yuen Tai	3.35	12.05	2.40	2.30	6.25	19.75	20.05	21.55
Yuen Tai	3.50	12.20	2.55	2.45	6.40	19.90	20.20	22.10
Yuen Tai	4.05	12.35	3.10	2.60	6.55	20.05	20.35	22.25
Yuen Tai	4.20	12.50	3.25	2.75	6.70	20.20	20.50	22.40
Yuen Tai	4.35	1.05	3.40	2.90	6.85	20.35	20.65	22.55
Yuen Tai	4.50	1.20	3.55	3.05	7.00	20.50	20.80	23.10
Yuen Tai	5.05	1.35	3.70	3.20	7.15	20.65	20.95	23.25
Yuen Tai	5.20	1.50	3.85	3.35	7.30	20.80	21.10	23.40
Yuen Tai	5.35	1.65	4.00	3.50	7.45	20.95	21.25	23.55
Yuen Tai	5.50	1.80	4.15	3.65	7.60	21.10	21.40	24.10
Yuen Tai	6.05	1.95	4.30	3.80	7.75	21.25	21.55	24.25
Yuen Tai	6.20	2.10	4.45	3.95	7.90	21.40	21.70	24.40
Yuen Tai	6.35	2.25	4.60	4.10	8.05	21.55	21.85	24.55
Yuen Tai	6.50	2.40	4.75	4.25	8.20	21.70	22.00	25.10
Yuen Tai	7.05	2.55	4.90	4.40	8.35	21.85	22.15	25.25
Yuen Tai	7.20	2.70	5.05	4.55	8.50	22.00	22.30	25.40
Yuen Tai	7.35	2.85	5.20	4.70	8.65	22.15	22.45	25.55
Yuen Tai	7.50	3.00	5.35	4.85	8.80	22.30	22.60	26.10
Yuen Tai	8.05	3.15	5.50	5.00	8.95	22.45	22.75	26.25
Yuen Tai	8.20	3.30	5.65	5.15	9.10	22.60	22.90	26.40
Yuen Tai	8.35	3.45	5.80	5.30	9.25	22.75	23.05	26.55
Yuen Tai	8.50	3.60	5.95	5.45	9.40	22.90	23.20	27.10
Yuen Tai	9.05	3.75	6.10	5.60	9.55	23.05	23.35	27.25
Yuen Tai	9.20	3.90	6.25	5.75	9.70	23.20	23.50	27.40
Yuen Tai	9.35	4.05	6.40	5.90	9.85	23.35	23.65	27.55

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CHINA'S PEACE DELEGATION.

EXPENSES ADVANCED BY INTERNATIONAL BANK.

PEKING, December 6th.
The International Bank has advanced \$500,000 for the expenses of the Chinese Peace Delegation to Europe, though previously the Japanese offered to finance the same up to a million.

[THROUGH HATTER'S AGENCY.]

THE WORLD'S DEBT TO RUSSIA.

TOKIO, November 28th.

Baron Uchida, the Foreign Minister, in a speech at a banquet of the Allied Societies, paid a tribute to the great Allies who had humbled arrogance and selfish power. He said that Russia had earned an everlasting debt of gratitude which, under providence, we hope to repay.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG YUO SAN PO."]

ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH.

PEKING, December 6th.

It is reported that the Peking Government has agreed to pay five million dollars to the South to refund military expenditure, and to appoint Luk Wing-tung, Vice-President, Tong Shu-yi, Premier, and Tong Kai-yew, Inspector-General of Szechuen, Yunnan, and Kwichow.

SINO-JAPANESE TELEPHONE LOAN.

The Sino-Japanese telephone loan agreement was signed on the 25th ult. The terms of the agreement are kept very secret but it is said that the chief clause stipulates that telephonic apparatus and wires must be purchased from Japan. Foreigners are making investigation and it is believed that they will protest against the agreement.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE MOTOR-CAR LOTTERY.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir, I would thank you if you would allow the following to be inserted in the columns of your valuable paper for the information of those concerned. In reference to the gift of a motor-car for the Bazaar of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul I beg to make known the fact that the donor's name is known only, I believe, to me and that the name which appeared in some of the local papers is not the name of the donor. As there are some false impressions current in the Colony, and to remove the offence caused by them to the donor of the car, I must state that the car was given outright to the Society, the whole of the proceeds to be the property of the Society for the use of the poor. Hoping this will dispel any wrong impression which some persons, or persons, has seen fit to cause by silly talk, and thanking you for the use of your valuable space—I am, yours, etc.

FRED FISHER
Treasurer General,
Society St. Vincent de Paul,
Hongkong.

Hongkong, December 6th, 1918.

GOLF AT HAPPY VALLEY.

A Chinese correspondent asks for space in our columns to call attention to the danger incurred by those visiting Happy Valley recreation grounds through golf balls sent at random "by players who are evidently new to the game." He cites what he terms "a hypothetical case." "A group of football players," he says, "are resting in a corner of the field after a strenuous game. Suddenly, a golf ball is sent into their midst and finds a target somewhere near the unfortunate man sitting down on the grass, looks green in the face and, finally, faints. He recovers to see the golf player standing over him, looking about for his ball without a word of apology to the victim of his unerring aim." We should scarcely describe the golfer's aim as "unerring" in the circumstances, but that by the way. Our correspondent suggests that the obvious method of preventing these unfortunate occurrences would be for "players, particularly beginners, to make sure that the course is clear, and to dispatch a caddy to warn people off, before they hit." We have a certain amount of sympathy with our correspondent and, therefore, give publicity to his grievance. We do not think, however, that the precautions suggested are sufficient. To prevent all possibility of accident in some cases of which we know, trenches, "dug-outs," and an elaborate system of signalling, at the very least, would be required.

CANTON NEWS.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG YUO SAN PO."]

CANTON, December 6th.

A message from Nan-ning states that General Luk Wing-tung, in view of the unfavourable relations between the Tschun, Mok Wing-son, and the people of Kwangtung, has proposed to transfer Mok to Kwangtung, and appoint Tam Ho-ming to take Mok's place. It is also said that the Treasurer and the Chief Adviser to the Tschun will be transferred at the same time.

THE MURDER OF SERGEANT LINFIELD.

INDIAN CONSTABLE COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

The hearing was resumed at the Magistrate's yesterday before Mr. J. R. Khan, an Indian constable attached to the Royal Naval Yard Police, was charged with the murder of Sergeant Harry Linfield, of the same force.

Sergeant Linfield was in the early morning of November 18th he was in the Naval Depot at Kowloon and found a rife scabbard near the torpedo-slip. He handed it over to Inspector Churchill at the main gate. This would be about 1 a.m.

Prisoner: I have no questions. I do not know he found the scabbard.

Inspector Gordon deposed: On the night of Nov. 18th, at about 11.30 p.m., I received a telephone message at the Naval Police Station from the Kowloon Naval Depot. I went there at once. In the early morning of November 19th I returned to the Water Police Station, and prisoner was brought to the station at 9 a.m. by Inspector Churchill, Sergt. Allen and others. I searched him and found three empty cartridge cases in the left-hand trouser pocket, two or three keys, and a small note-book. I charged him with the murder of Sergt. Linfield and locked him up in the cell. I also received the turban and the bandolier, which contained 31 rounds of ammunition, and eight loose rounds of ammunition which I put into the bandolier. I also received the rife and scabbard when prisoner was brought to the Police Station.

Sergt. Ali Bahadur Khan said: On November 19th at the Water Police Station I explained the charge of murder to prisoner, who replied: "I did shoot the Sergeant, and then went to the coal sheds where I fired a few shots to defend myself."

Prisoner: That's not what I said, I cannot remember what I said. At the Police Station I was not asked anything. I was told to keep quiet and I did. They asked me to sign something without it being explained to me and I did so.

The Magistrate: Did the prisoner read that statement?—Witness: He did.

Prisoner: I did not.

This closed the case for the prosecution.

THE PRISONER'S STATEMENT.

Prisoner said: I wish to question two witnesses—the Indian Sergeant Major and Sergeant Meer-Alim. The evidence they gave was simply made-up statements, not what I told them. On Nov. 18th I caught cold and took something to make me warm, but this had no effect. On November 17th I again took the same medicine (boiling sugar water). I was on second night duty on that date. On November 18th I was on first night duty. I did not take any meal that day. I went off duty at 8 a.m. on November 17th I took a dose of opium. At 6 p.m. on November 18th I prepared some tea, and took another big dose of opium to cure my cold. I also smoked some hemp leaves, some of which are still in my box. After taking my tea I prepared to go on duty. When the armoury was open for rifles I went at 6.30 p.m. to take my rifle. I was not then in my proper senses, and I took another man's rifle instead of my own. I also took my ammunition in my possession. At 6.30 p.m. Sergeant 76 marched me to my place of duty. We halted at the main gate, where Sergeant Linfield came out and inspected us. He then went away. I was seen on No. 1 beat and another man on No. 2 beat. An Indian sergeant and I patrolled the main gate, while Sergeant Linfield sat inside the office. I then put my rifle inside the office. I examined the various points on my beat, and then the Indian Sergeant left me and went on patrol. I patrolled my beat, searching Chinese leaving the yard, etc. A stoker, Mr. Nicholas, came from the workshop, and Sergeant Linfield accompanied him on a walk. At 7.30 p.m. the Indian sergeant came to the main gate and reported "all correct." As I was feeling cold at the time, I put on my cape. The Indian sergeant asked me whether I was sick—what was my reason for wearing a cape? I replied: "I am sick, a little." The Indian sergeant again left me and went on patrol. I again commenced walking along my beat when Mr. Nicholas, who was with Sergeant Linfield, went back to the workshop, while Sergeant Linfield went into the office and recorded the different patrols. The Indian sergeant came back at 9 p.m. and resumed his patrol at the main gate. Although I was accompanying the sergeant on his patrol I was not in my proper senses. The Indian sergeant left on his third patrol at 10.30 p.m. At this time I did not know what I was doing—whether I was up in the sky or underneath the ground. Sergeant Linfield was walking along the sea-front near the gun-mountings, and I heard a shot fired. I thought someone attempted to shoot me. I looked at Sergt. Linfield and he looked back at me, both being ignorant of what had happened. We did not know from where the shot had come. Sergeant Linfield ran and asked me also to run, as we did not know whether the men were robbers. When the Sergeant ran I went into the office and took the ammunition, for fear somebody else might take it. I then followed Sergeant Linfield, thinking to go to my quarters and to make a report to the sergeant that a shot had been fired. When I stopped running I found myself in the coal yard, where there is a door leading to the Canton Road. I thought that if I went back the robber would kill me, so I went up the ladder and on to the roof. I had been rendered stupid by the drug I took, and did not know what I was doing. On the roof I tried to remember what had happened, but was unable to think. I fell two or three times whilst I was on the roof. The turban fell off my head although I was unaware of it. When I reached the roof of No. 18 shed I saw a light. I did not

know whether it was a junk or a boat. I then fired a shot from there, but I do not know in what direction I fired. I then heard some people talking, and seeing that there were no lights at the main gate, I thought that robbers must have entered the yard, so I fired another shot. I then heard two shots fired by somebody else. I sat down and remained still. Then I heard the noise of something moving quickly, but could not recognise what it was. I fired another shot without taking aim. I also fired three or four other shots, without aiming at any particular object. I fired altogether seven or eight shots, when I was sitting on the roof. I heard a volley being fired from the direction of the yard. After this I did not fire. I then saw the Indian Sergeant-major talking to the Commander, but could not hear what they were saying. The Sergeant-major shouted to me, but I could not hear him, as I was on the farther side of the roof. When I did hear him shouting to me I came to the front of the roof and replied to him. "Who are you?" He replied: "I am the Sergeant-major, Khoo Deen, Naval Yard Police." Then I replied: "Yes, I know you now." He ordered me to come down, stating that I was making trouble. I replied that I was not making trouble. I only went up the roof to defend myself. I did not say anything about anyone writing a letter to the Commander. I told him that I have been 33 years in the force and 31 years in the regiment, and that while in the Naval Yard I had served at Lai Chikok army Ordnance Department and at Kowloon Depot. I asked the Commander to have mercy on me and to give me his promise, because I had heard them talking about the murder. I was afraid that Sergeant Linfield was dead, and that I would be accused of his murder as I had run away. Sergeant Linfield ran first, and I ran afterwards and if he had been alive I would have no fear of anything. I do not know whether the Sergeant-major related this to the Commander or not. He told me that the Commander was not to come down and I said: "All right, I shall come down." At that time the Commander himself called me by name and asked me to come down. I said: "Very well, sir, I am coming down by the same way I went up." Does your Worship think that if I had murdered Sergeant Linfield I would have come down on the order of the Commander? I had 30 rounds of ammunition in my possession, and if my heart was bad would I have come down alive? I have been a soldier and know the penalties. I came down under the orders of the Commander and gave myself up. If I had committed a murder would I have given myself up? When I came down the ladder the Sergeant-major and the Commander stood where they were. They did not know how I came down, or what had arrested me; whether I had been frightened into surrendering or not. My turban was left on the roof. I tried to find it but was unsuccessful. I did not tell the Sergeant-major that I had been unjustly treated. All the empty cases of the cartridges I had fired were in my pockets. I think they took about four cartridges from my pockets at the main gate. I had forgotten about those cartridges; otherwise, I would have handed them over myself.

Continuing, prisoner said:—I omitted to say that when I was told to run I took my rifle and ammunition, and went in the direction of the store-room and the boat-shed. It was on this road that my cape was found. I then went along the quarters to the coal-shed. After searching me at the main gate the Inspector took me to the Police Station on the orders of the Commander. The complaint I had made to the Commander was not interpreted by the Sergeant-major to him. I was handcuffed, and when I was taken to the Police Station, I was made to stand, while the Inspector commenced writing in a book. At that time he said: "You pig, have you done this thing?" I said: "No, sir," and then I was not allowed to speak. After the Inspector had finished writing he gave an Indian Sergeant a book and asked him to write something. The Indian did so, and I was asked to sign. I was not told what was written in the book, and the Police refused to write what I had to say. Will Harry Linfield was good to every man, him; I also, liked him very much, and being such a good man, why should I kill him? I did not kill him, and had no intention of killing him. I would not have killed Sergeant Linfield to save my head being cut off. But I am arrested, and the Government suspects me because they ran away from a Government rifle and post without firing any shots. I would not have been suspected if I would not have had mine. This is what I wanted to explain to you, sir, when I was first produced before you on November 19th.

The Sergeant-major, recalled, stated that if the prisoner had not mentioned anything about it, the prisoner would not have been unjustly treated.

Meer Alim, another Indian sergeant, was also recalled and stated that prisoner did say he had been unjustly treated.

Prisoner: Will you ask him what I suffered?

Witness: He did not say what unjust treatment he had received.

The Magistrate: You now stand committed for trial at the Criminal Sessions to be held on December 18th.

TO PROTECT HIMSELF FROM THE COLD.

At the Magistrate's yesterday, before Mr. J. R. Khan, a Chinese was charged with stealing five socks.

Defendant stated that, as the weather was becoming very severe, he took the socks to protect himself from the cold.

Mr. Wood passed sentence of a month's hard labour.

A Naval String Band will be in attendance at the City Hall on Friday, Dec. 13th, on the occasion of the Police Recovery Fancy-dress dance.

H.M. THE QUEEN TO THE WOMEN OF THE EMPIRE.

"TO-DAY MORE THAN EVER THE EMPIRE NEEDS HER DAUGHTERS."

The following telegram has been received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies by the local Government:—
(Message from Her Majesty the Queen to the women of the Empire.)

"A few months ago at the height of our anxiety and strain, I sent a message in the name of the women of our lands to our men fighting for us across the seas. Now, in an hour of thankfulness and hope, I should like to give a message to the women of the Empire.

"During the war they have been given the high privileges of service, they have risen to the great opportunity, and have proved their courage, steadfastness, and ability.

"I have been allowed to watch and appreciate their work in many parts of the country, and my heart is full of admiration and gratitude for what I have seen.

"I earnestly trust that, though the thrill and glamour of war are over, the spirit of self-sacrifice and helpfulness which it has kindled will not wane in the coming days. A new era is dawning upon the world, bringing with it many difficulties, fresh responsibilities, and serious problems to be faced.

"Parliament has secured for the whole country greater opportunities of more thorough and varied education, but it will depend upon the parents whether these opportunities are used to the full.

"We all rejoice that plans are afoot for bringing to an end the existence of such bad and crowded housing as makes home life almost impossible.

"To-day more than ever the Empire needs her daughters, for, in the larger world of public and industrial work, women are daily taking a more important place.

"As we have been united in all our work, whether of hand or hands, in a real sisterhood of suffering and service during the war, let us go on working together with the same unity of purpose for the resettlement and reconstruction of our country."

MARY R.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE MR. J. WEIR.

The funeral of the late Mr. J. Weir, of the Taikoo Dockyard staff, whose death occurred on the 5th inst., took place at Happy Valley, yesterday, evening, and was accorded military honours. The deceased having been a member of the Engineering Company of the Hongkong Defence Corps. At the monument on which, covered with the Union Jack on which, rested the helmet and bayonet of the deceased, was placed on a gun carriage drawn by men of the Engineer's Company, and, subsequently, was carried to the grave by ten of the deceased's colleagues at the Dockyard. A firing party, under command of Sergeant Everett, with guns reversed, headed the funeral procession. Then came the Band of the 18th Infantry, playing Chopin's funeral march, and, following the gun carriage, the officers and men of the Engineer's Co., under command of Capt. Stewart, men of the Volunteer Corps, pupils of the Quarry Bay Branch of the Union Church Sunday School and the general public. The Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald conducted the service and at its conclusion three volleys were fired over the grave, and the Last Post sounded.

The chief mourners were:—Messrs. G. Groth, A. Atcheson, McQuordale, W. Ross Thompson, J. Reid, L. Templeton, T. E. Greig, N. Drummond, J. Cruickshanks and R. Henderson.

Amongst the large gathering present were:—Messrs. R. M. Dyer, R. McGregor, D. Abbey, J. Rodgers, Capt. Blackburn, Russell, James, Lieuts. Hall, and Hill.

The following amongst others, sent wreaths:—His Conrade, Lyman Detachment, Engineer Co., H.D.D.C., Major H. A. Morgan and Officers, H.K.D.C., Engineering Co., H.K.D.C., Officers, Engineering Co., H.K.D.C., Capt. Taikoo Dockyard and Engineer's Co., Messrs. Butterfield & Swire; Chinese staff, Taikoo Dock; Foremen, Taikoo Dock; staff, China Sugar Refinery; Taikoo Sugar Refinery; China staff, Drawing Office; His Sunday School Children; Quarry Bay Branch Private School; Mr. W. Ross Thompson and Mr. and Mrs. J. Reid.

Two hawkers were charged, at the Magistrate's yesterday with using false weights and measures. They were each fined \$10, and the scales were confiscated.

At the Magistrate's, yesterday, before Mr. J. B. Wood, a Chinese was fined \$25, with the alternative of a month's hard labour, for destroying trees on Government land.

A Chinese woman has been sent to the Government Civil Hospital suffering from injuries received as a result of being knocked down by tram-car No. 45 in Des Vaux Road Central.

A Chinese jeweller, of 306, Queen's Road Central, has reported to the Police that between November 22nd, 23rd, and 24th he gave jewellery to the value of \$1,200.35 to another man to sell. The man has not returned, and it is feared that he has absconded.

A most enjoyable whist-drive and social gathering was held in the Library at Lyman on the 27th ult. W.O. M.C.C. and men of No. 83rd Co. R.G.A. and members of the Lyman Detachment of Royal Engineers attended in force. Refreshments were served during an interval and also at the close, through the kindness of the Services Entertainment Fund, and of those who made the arrangements. A very pleasant evening concluded with the presentation by Capt. F. E. T. Willett, R.G.A., of prizes to the successful competitors in the whist-drive as follows:—Ladies: 1. Bdr. Dodder; 2. G. Stone; and 3. Bdr. Fielding. Men: 1. G. Wood; 2. Cpl. Bridge; and 3. G. Jones. Interval prizes: G. Payne and Sapper Spral-ling.

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THE WAR.

ALLIED AGREEMENT ON PEACE TERMS.

GERMAN COLONIES TO BE ABSORBED BY GREAT BRITAIN.

ARMISTICE LIKELY TO BE PROLONGED.

MOVEMENT AGAINST GERMAN GOVERNMENT SPREADING.

THE EX-KAISER'S PATHETIC CONFESSION.

"LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE FUGITIVE EX-KAISER.

GERMAN CROWN RENOUNCED.

AMSTERDAM, November 30th. A telegram from Berlin containing the text of a document signed by the Kaiser has been published. He definitely renounces the Crowns of Prussia and the Empire and releases officials and officers from their oath of fealty.

A REMINDER FROM PARIS.

PARIS, November 30th. It is semi-officially pointed out that the Kaiser's abdication applies only to himself.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S RENUNCIATION.

AMSTERDAM, December 4th. The *Norddeutsche* states that the ex-Crown Prince is about to publish a personal renunciation of his rights. The proclamation does not mention the rights of his issue.

A MURDERER'S FATE?

PARIS, December 2nd. Madame Priour, whose husband was killed in the torpedoing of the *Suzanne* in 1916 has lodged, in the Courts, a charge of murder against the Kaiser. In this connection it should be noted that an Extradition Treaty exists between France and Holland.

A COMMON CRIMINAL.

LONDON, December 5th. The *Daily Mirror's* correspondent at Amerongen, states:—The ex-Kaiser has made the following statement:—"I am threatened with criminal charges which I must face. Therefore, I must reserve my statement until the charges are brought. Furthermore, I am a private citizen and must be loyal to the present German Government, and cannot make a declaration possibly compromising others."

HOLLAND'S POSITION.

THE HAGUE, December 1st. The Government has appointed a Commission to report on the position which the ex-Kaiser occupies in Holland, and to enquire into the relationship of the Dutch Government to the legal questions which may arise respecting his admission to and stay in Holland.

EARLIER CABLES.

IMPORTANT ALLIED DECISION.

LONDON, December 3rd. It is understood that the Inter-Allied Conference unanimously agreed to demand the handing over of the ex-Kaiser and the Crown Prince, in connection with breaches of international law during war time.

DISCUSSION IN DUTCH CHAMBER.

THE HAGUE, December 4th. In the Second Chamber, a proposal made by the Revolutionary Socialist, M. Wynkoop, that the question of the ex-Kaiser should be decided immediately, because it might endanger the importation of foodstuffs, was defeated by 59 votes to 4.

AN ANXIOUS TIME IN NORWAY.

COPENHAGEN, November 30th. Professor Wegener has communicated to the *Cologne Gazette* a conversation he had with the ex-Kaiser five days before the latter's flight.

The ex-Kaiser asserted that Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg and Herr Jagow were solely responsible for Germany's policy. The last few weeks before the war they sent him to Norway against his will. Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg told him that if he remained in Germany, it would mean war, for which the world would make the Kaiser responsible.

He had received no reports from his Ministers throughout his stay in Norway and had only learned what happened in the world from the Norwegian papers. When he thus learned that the British Fleet had sailed, he returned of his own accord, and the British nearly caught him.

The Kaiser concluded by lengthily reiterating that Russia was responsible for the war, asserting that Russian troops were across the frontier before war was declared.

STRONG PRO-KAISER MOVEMENT.

LONDON, November 30th. In connection with the report that the Kaiser has definitely renounced the Throne, it is noteworthy that strong movements, with which powerful military elements are identified, are aiming at the restoration of the old régime.

It is reported that Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria is in Switzerland, where a conference of Austro-German Royalists is to be held.

ANOTHER SON ARRIVES AT ZURICH.

LYONS, December 4th. Ex-Prince Eitel Frederick, second son of the ex-Kaiser, has arrived at Zurich. *French Wireless.*

LATEST CABLES.

TROUBLOUS GERMANY.

STORMY MEETING OF SOVIETS.

AMSTERDAM, November 30th. A telegram from Berlin states that at a stormy meeting of the Great Berlin Soviets, in the Reichstag, various speakers referred to the dissensions in the Executive and demanded the speedy convocation of the National Assembly.

Herr Schiedemann deprecated the differences between the workers and the soldiers and said that a Central Council for the Empire would shortly be formed.

He announced that General von Hindenburg and General Groener had yesterday again declared their unreserved adhesion to the Government.

The meeting, after a long debate, appointed a Committee to investigate the allegations against the Executive.

REITERATED DEMAND FOR SOLF'S RESIGNATION.

AMSTERDAM, November 30th. A telegram from Berlin states that it is officially announced that the Executive Council has requested the Council of the Peoples' Mandatories to bring about the retirement of Dr. Solf as speedily as possible, and to immediately seize all documents relating to foreign affairs and the old régime.

ELECTION OF THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

AMSTERDAM, November 30th. The Berlin Council of the Peoples' Commissioners has fixed the election of the Constituent Assembly for February 10th, subject to the approval of the Congress of Soviets, which will meet on December 10th.

STRONG IMPERIALIST MOVEMENT.

BERNE, December 1st.

Besides the counter-revolutionary incidents reported in several Rhineland towns, the existence of an Imperialist Movement Army is confirmed by a speech of Herr Molkenburg, President of the Berlin Soviet, who said that a squadron of dragoons would return to barracks in Berlin on November 28th. They had obeyed the order of the Commander to cheer the Kaiser. A number of Soldiers' Councils in the vicinity of Berlin were working on behalf of the reactionaries.

He added that documents incriminating the old régime had been burned in the Berlin-public offices.

EARLIER CABLES.

A FORTHCOMING CONFERENCE.

AMSTERDAM, December 4th. The Bavarian Premier has telegraphed to Herr Haase and Herr Ebert proposing an immediate conference of the representatives of the German Governments at Jena on the questions of the National Assembly, the Foreign Ministry at Berlin, and the publication of documents.

SILESIA THREATENS SEPARATION.

COPENHAGEN, November 30th.

A message from Berlin states:—The Peoples' Council at Breslau has sent an ultimatum to Berlin demanding the immediate convocation of a Constituent Assembly threatening that Silesia will separate from Prussia unless a satisfactory answer is received within forty-eight hours.

SUPPORT FOR THE GOVERNMENT.

AMSTERDAM, December 4th. At a meeting of the delegates of the Armies in the field, held at Ems, it was resolved to support the Government against counter-revolutionary attempts.

WILL HINDENBURG BE ARRESTED?

LONDON, December 4th. The *Local Anzeiger* declares that the Soviet at Leipzig has decided that the Army at Headquarters shall be dissolved and General von Hindenburg be arrested.

GERMANY PARTS WITH SCHLESWIG.

LONDON, November 30th. A telegram from Berlin states that it is reliably stated that Germany has ceded the northern portion of Schleswig Holstein to Denmark, including the districts of Honderburg and Hadersleben and the greater part of Tondern and Apenrade.

THE "KAISER TRUE" SOLDIERS.

AMSTERDAM, December 4th. The *Rheinische Westfälische Zeitung* reports that the "Kaiser True" soldiers twice hauled down the Red Flag on the Stadthouse at Kreuznach and burned it amidst the cheers of the crowds who applauded pro-Kaiser speeches.

In order to avoid bloodshed the Workers and Soldiers Council has resolved provisionally not to hoist the flag again.

NO DANGER OF STARVATION.

LONDON, November 30th. Reports from Stockholm and from Zurich affirm that there is no danger of starvation in Germany and that the situation there is purposely exaggerated in order to arouse pity amongst the Allies.

THE RUN ON GERMAN BANKS.

AMSTERDAM, November 30th. The President of the Reichs-Bank states that the funds of the Bank have been depleted by 5,000,000,000 marks between October 1st and November 23rd.

BIG LAND SETTLEMENT IN GERMANY.

General von Hindenburg has issued a proclamation to the troops appealing for patience a little longer and announcing that preliminaries for a settlement of land on a big scale have begun and will be expedited.

This provides for the building of hundreds of thousands of houses upon cheaply acquired land with public funds lent at low rates for farmers and gardeners.

Similarly they are building houses in garden suburbs for town workers including those on sedentary employments.

EXIT ANOTHER GERMAN KING.

COPENHAGEN, November 30th. A message from Stuttgart says that the King of Wurtemberg has abdicated.

LATEST CABLES.

THE COMING PEACE CONFERENCE.

LIKELY PROLONGATION OF ARMISTICE.

PARIS, December 4th.

The French Press observes that owing to the slowness of the Germans in handing over locomotives and wagons, it is impossible that the work can be completed before December 17th.

It is practically certain that the Armistice will be prolonged, and consequently, peace negotiations will be delayed.

Conversations between the Allies, when President Wilson will be present, will probably begin on December 10th.

Attention has been drawn in the French Press to the German Staff plan of preserving a small, but solid Army to drag out the negotiations in the hope of extorting extensive concessions.

The Germans are said to be constituting food-stocks to tide over the critical months of May and June, so that, during the final negotiations, the Allies would be powerless to put effective pressure on Germany.

AMERICAN DELEGATION.

WASHINGTON, November 30th. President Wilson will, personally, be the head of the American Peace Delegation.

The other members would be Mr. Robert Lansing, Colonel House, General Bliss, and Mr. Henry White, ex-Ambassador in France and Italy.

BRITAIN WILL MAINTAIN NAVAL DEFENCE.

LONDON, December 4th.

Mr. Winston Churchill, speaking at Dundee, said that the Admiralty have decided that it was unnecessary to demand Heligoland.

The Government had decided on the nationalisation of railways.

"We intended to make Germany pay to the uttermost farthing—for the harm done—in gold, shipping, securities and other available liquid assets."

Erith, he said, entered the Peace Conference absolutely determined that no limitations would be imposed on her right to maintain her naval defence.

EARLIER CABLES.

GERMANY'S CAPACITY TO PAY.

LONDON, November 29th. Mr. Lloyd George, in a speech, stated that all the Allies were now considering the question of indemnities and that the Government had established a very strong expert Committee, representing every shade of opinion, to investigate carefully the capacity of Germany to pay.

France, presumably, was paying special attention to the question because the damage inflicted there on the towns, cities and countryside had been extraordinarily severe.

The Government had requested the Attorney-General to refer the question of the responsibility for the invasion of Belgium and the conduct of the war to some of the greatest British jurists.

They have finally concluded that the Kaiser was guilty of an indictable offence and that he ought to be held responsible. (Cheers.)

THE FATE OF THE GERMAN COLONIES.

LONDON, November 30th.

Mr. Walter Long, speaking at Bristol, disclosed the fact he was a member of the Committee mentioned by the Premier on November 29th to consider the terms that should be demanded from Germany.

Therefore, he could emphasize that the Empire need not have any anxiety as to there being any tenderness on the part of Great Britain and her Allies.

Although it was not desired to enlarge the British Empire, he did not see any alternative solution to the problem of the German Colonies than their inclusion in the Empire.

Where the natives had been consulted they had been overwhelmingly in favour of this course being adopted.

ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT WILSON.

LYONS, December 4th. President Wilson disembarks at Brest on December 12th.

The distinguished visitor will be received by M. Pichon, Minister of Foreign Affairs; M. Leygues, Minister of Marine, and M. Tardieu, High Commissioner for Franco-American Affairs.

President Wilson is to arrive at Paris on the morning of December 13th. *French Wireless.*

LATEST CABLES.

THE ARMISTICE.

NO MITIGATION OF TERMS.

COPENHAGEN, December 4th.

A telegram from Berlin states that Admiral Bontty has refused the German request to mitigate the Armistice regarding trade and fishing in the North Sea.

RESTITUTION BY GERMANY.

PARIS, December 5th.

The Germans have begun restitution under the Armistice. They have already paid 2,000,000,000 of the gold extracted from Russia to the Allies who retain it till the conclusion of peace.

The Germans are daily restoring the works of art stolen from France.

The value of those already returned is estimated at 250,000,000.

GERMANY RETURNING STOLEN GOLD.

LONDON, November 30th.

The weekly report of the Imperial Bank of Germany indicates that Germany has paid the Allies 212,000,000 in gold under Article Nineteen of the Armistice, providing, *inter alia*, for the restitution of cash and securities taken from the invaded territories, and gold taken by Germany from Russia and from Rumania.

EARLIER CABLES.

BRITISH FLEET LEAVES FOR KIEL.

COPENHAGEN, November 30th.

The British fleet has sailed southwards. GERMAN ARMY IN THE EAST.

The German Peoples' Commissary, Herr Barth, deplors the situation of the Army in the East, which, it is feared, will suffer the fate of Napoleon's Army in 1814.

BRITISH DESTROYERS AT LIBAU.

LONDON, December 3rd.

New British destroyers have arrived at Libau.

LATEST CABLES.

WAR PRISONERS.

FIRST FRENCH BATCH ARRIVES.

PARIS, December 4th.

The first consignment of prisoners of war from Germany has arrived at Havre. They number 11,000 and are in good condition.

A THREAT FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

AMSTERDAM, November 30th.

A semi-official statement from Berlin states that the British members of the Armistice Commission at Spa have declared that they would hold the German authorities responsible for the way British prisoners were arriving in the Allied lines, half-starved, ill, and insufficiently clad.

The British Government, in view of the excitement and public opinion in England, would resume hostilities unless matters were remedied.

In reply to this it should be pointed out that everything was being done by Germany to carry out an orderly repatriation of British and other prisoners, and that, owing to the measures taken, the regular transport of these prisoners was assured, and had already been effected to a considerable extent.

EARLIER CABLES.

RUTHLESS PUNISHMENT.

AMSTERDAM, December 4th.

A message from Berlin says:—Herr Erzberger, opening the War Prisoners Commission to investigate the allegations of cruelty, promised ruthless punishment to those who were convicted of ill-treating prisoners.

BRITISH PRISONERS GREETED BY THE QUEEN.

LONDON, December 3rd.

Her Majesty the Queen greeted the war prisoners from the Front at the Cannon Street railway station, and shook hands with many of them.

They denounced the shameful ill-treatment they had experienced.

LATEST CABLES.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

UNOPOSED NOMINATIONS.

LONDON, December 4th.

Up to this evening 104 nominations were unopposed. The returns comprised 49 Coalitionists, eleven Labourites, one Nationalist and 23 Sinn Feiners.

Among the ex-members of Parliament re-elected in their former constituencies are Mr. A. J. Balfour, Sir F. G. Bannbury, Mr. J. R. Clynes, Mr. Austin Chamberlain, Mr. W. Bruce, Mr. W. L. A. B. Burdett-Coutts, Mr. Will Crooks, Mr. Kennedy Jones, Mr. Wilson Fox, Mr. J. W. Lowther (the Speaker), Mr. T. P. Connolly, Lieut. Colonel John Ward, Mr. G. J. Wardle, Mr. Spencer Hughes, Major J. C. Wedgwood, Sir Henry Daziel, Mr. W. Abraham, Mr. E. de Valera, Count Plunkett, Mr. Richards, and Col. Yate.

Mr. Austen Harrison, the well-known writer, is opposed to Mr. Lloyd George.

Mrs. Hope's nomination against Mr. Asquith, has been rejected owing to informality.

Mr. Leonard Bottomley yesterday secured his discharge from bankruptcy and has been nominated for South Hackney.

UNPRECEDENTED NUMBER OF CANDIDATES.

LONDON, December 5th.

There were 107 nominations unopposed up to midnight—41 Coalition Liberals, 27 Sinn Feiners, 11 Labourites, and one Nationalist.

There is an unprecedented number of candidates, including 180 Coalitionists, of whom 425 are Unionists, 125 Liberals and the remainder Labourites and Independents.

Two hundred and seventy Liberals will oppose Coalitionists.

There are numerous triangular contests, due to the plethora of Labourites, who number 400, of various shades of opinion, and Independents, including men from the National Party and the Discharged Soldiers' Federation.

There are 14 women candidates. One hundred and five Irish seats are contested—27 Nationalists, 80 Sinn Feiners, and 23 Unionists.

EARLIER CABLES.

EXPECTATIONS.

LONDON, December 4th.

At the nominations to-day, it is expected that 160 will be unopposed, including Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Balfour, and Mr. Clynes.

There are also 22 Sinn Feiners, including Mr. De Valera, and Count Plunkett.

LATEST CABLES.

THE AFTERMATH.

WAR CONDITIONS ALREADY CHANGING.

LONDON, November 30th.

Mr. J. H. Roberts, the Labour Minister, speaking at Cardiff, said that several industries had already been changed from a war to a peace footing. Raw materials were not so scarce, and shipping was also not so much restricted as once appeared likely.

GUILTY MUST BE PUNISHED.

LONDON, December 4th.

Mr. Auckland Geddes, in a speech at Reading, declared that Enver Pasha and the ex-Bulers of Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary must be tried and shot, if they are convicted.

FEEDING THE WORLD.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT'S APPEAL.

WASHINGTON, December 2nd.

"The food conservation week for the relief of the world" opened yesterday, with an appeal by Mr. Chas. Hoover, Food Controller, which was read in all churches in the country to renew the service to mankind by helping through the Food Conservation to feed 300,000,000 persons in North France, Belgium, Central Russia, South Europe, Poland and Armenia. The appeal says: "The end of the war has not released the Americans from the Government's pledge to the Inter-Allied Food Council to meet the Allied food programme. The same populations must be fed and until another season has passed they cannot feed themselves."

Besides supplying those to whom we are already pledged, we now have the splendid opportunity and obligation of meeting the needs of those millions in hitherto occupied territories, who are facing actual starvation."

BRITISH MAJESTIES IN PARIS.

PRESIDENT POINCARÉ ENTERTAINED.

PARIS, November 30th.

King, George entertained President Poincaré to dinner at the British Embassy.

The city was brilliantly illuminated. After the banquet H.M. the King conferred the Military Order of Merit on Marshal Foch.

EXCHANGE OF GREETINGS.

PARIS, December 1st.

H.M. the King, on the conclusion of his visit, telegraphed to President Poincaré stating: "The magnificent welcome I received in Paris will be considered in the United Kingdom and in the British countries overseas as a proof that France appreciates the true value of the effort my Empire made for the common cause. I am convinced that the ties uniting the two nations will henceforth be indissoluble."

President Poincaré replied: "France will be as faithful in peace as she was in war to the *Entente Cordiale* which defeated German Imperialism and saved our liberty." He concludes by hoping to pay a visit to England shortly.

FOURTH FRENCH WAR LOAN.

MAGNIFICENT RESPONSE FROM THE COUNTRY.

PARIS, December 4th.

In the French Chamber of Deputies, yesterday, M. Klotz, Minister for Finance, stated that the Fourth French War Loan had produced 37,533,251,000 francs from seven million subscribers—an average of over 700 francs. Subscriptions received from abroad showed that more confidence in French credit exists.

M. Klotz added that it was the duty of the Government to make Germany pay compensation.

THE ALLIED OCCUPATION.

MARSHAL FOCH FIXES FRONTIER.

PARIS, December 4th.

Marshal Foch has ordered the frontier between Alsace-Lorraine and the adjacent territory.

BELGIANS OCCUPY NEUSS.

WHAT IS THE £ s. d. VALUE OF YOUR HAIR?

HEALTHY AND BEAUTIFUL HAIR MAY BE YOURS FREE!

Write To-day for a Free Complete "Harlene Hair-Drill" Outfit.

THE FREE GIFT COMPRISES:-

- (1) A Trial Bottle of "Harlene-for-the-Hair."
- (2) A Bottle of "Uzon" Brilliantine.
- (3) A Supply of the famous "Cremex" Shampoo Powder.
- (4) The Secret "Hair-Drill" Manual of Instruction.

NOT everyone would barter their hair during life for money, as do certain poor fisher-maids of Europe. For, after all, a really good head of hair has a higher value to its possessor than it would ever realise in the market if offered for public sale.

Every man and woman can have this priceless wealth of beautiful hair if he or she will only devote two minutes a day to the practice of the wonderfully successful "Harlene Hair-Drill." To-day you can prove the truth of this statement without fee or obligation, for the well-known Inventor-Discoverer of "Harlene" offers to every reader a Free Trial "Harlene" Outfit.

THE 4-FOLD GIFT.

- 1.—A Free Bottle of "Harlene," the most invigorating food for hair and scalp ever discovered. Contains no animal fats.
- 2.—A Free Packet of "Cremex" Shampoo Powder, a delightfully refreshing and cleansing preparation that removes all dandruff and dust, and prepares the way for "Harlene Hair-Drill."
- 3.—A Free Bottle of "Uzon" Brilliantine that gives a final polish and lustre to the "Harlene"-drilled hair.
- 4.—A Free Copy of the new edition of the "Harlene Hair-Drill" Manual, giving complete and detailed instructions for the successful carrying out of "Harlene Hair-Drill."

There is no necessity to endure impoverished hair, for while Nature has provided the gift, Science, which is

Nature's assistant, has devised and perfected the "Harlene Hair-Drill" an unfailing remedy for all hair ailments, lack-lustre, and other defects. And all readers may test this scientific yet simple and easy method free by merely forwarding the coupon below.

This Trial Outfit does not cost you a single penny—the only small expense to which you are put being the outlay

Drill" at once free. You will be delighted with the result, for you will quickly learn what thousands upon thousands of other men and women have already learned—that "Harlene Hair-Drill" can and does make the hair grow long, thick, healthy and beautiful, that "Harlene Hair-Drill" can and does overcome every form of hair trouble; and that "Harlene Hair-Drill" will improve both the quantity and



It costs you nothing to acquire a full Seven Days' Trial Outfit of the universally popular "Harlene Hair-Drill." You will be pleasantly surprised with the results of even a short course of this delightful "two-minutes-a-day" toilet exercise.

of 6 annas in stamps to defray the cost of postage and packing on the Outfit.

"HARLENE" MAKES ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

In the course of a few days you will find every strand of your hair waking up to a new vitality and new strength—you will find a new sparkle and freshness revivifying the hair, and all the lost light and shade, as well as the delicate tints of the hair which have been dulled down, will re-awaken, and your hair will rapidly take on a new lease of life and beauty.

HAIR THAT IS WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

No man or woman to-day can afford to neglect his or her hair. Thick, lustrous and beautiful hair has a definite cash value to everyone. It is the secret of perpetual youth. It is, at once, an introduction and a recommendation. It adds to your personal appearance, and a good appearance opens all doors to you. A woman has no charm to equal long, silken, and radiant tresses of beautiful hair, the inspiration of a thousand poems. To a man healthy and beautiful hair gives dignity and emphasis. To all it is literally worth its weight in gold.

THE BENEFITS OF "HARLENE" DRILL.

And you can have such hair simply for the asking. All you have to do is to accept this most generous offer and begin "Harlene Hair-

quality of your hair by, and all expectation.

ENRICH YOUR HAIR TO-DAY.

There is no excuse to-day for any man or woman having thin, brittle, weak or falling hair. "Harlene Hair-Drill" overcomes every kind of hair trouble, no matter from what cause it springs. It preserves the hair in health, and it restores sickly hair back to health and beauty once more. You can prove this to-day by self-demonstration, and prove it free of cost. Let "Harlene Hair-Drill" enrich your hair, and increase its value to you. Simply send 6 annas in stamps for postage and a Free "Harlene" Outfit will be sent to your address.

MILLIONS PRACTISE HAIR-DRILL.

Millions of men and women now practice "Harlene Hair-Drill" daily. They have tested and proved that this unique preparation, "Harlene," and its agreeable method of application, "Hair-Drill," is the surest way to overcome Scurf and Dandruff, Scalp Irritation, Over-Greyness, Thinning, Brittle, Splitting Hair, and that it is also the easiest way to ensure the perfect growth of long, silken, beautiful hair in abundance, glossy and bright. There is, therefore, now no necessity for any man or woman to suffer from

- 1.—SCALP IRRITATION.
- 2.—PARTIAL BALDNESS.
- 3.—STRAGGLING OR WEAK HAIR.
- 4.—THIN OR FALLING HAIR.
- 5.—SPLITTING HAIR.
- 6.—GREYNESS OF THE SCALP.
- 7.—SCURF OR DANDRUFF.
- 8.—HAIR THINNING AT TEMPLES.

TRY THIS DELIGHTFUL METHOD.

The "Harlene Hair-Drill" Method, whilst scientifically worked out, is simplicity itself. **FIRSTLY**, enjoy a Luxurious Shampoo with the free supply of "Cremex" in accordance with the special instructions you will receive in the Free Parcel.

SECONDLY, sprinkle the hair with the refreshing and revivifying Hair-Growing "Harlene," gently massaging roots of the hair as fully explained in the "Harlene Hair-Drill" Manual, which also accompanies the Outfit; and

"HARLENE" FOR MEN

ALSO.

Men, too, find that "Harlene" prevents Scurf Irritation, Dandruff, and a tendency to Baldness. It is no exaggeration to say that millions of men and women in all walks of life practice the refreshing and beneficial "Hair-Drill" daily, and so preserve hair-health and beauty.

START WITHOUT DELAY.

Write in the first place for one of the 1,000,000 "Harlene Hair-Drill" Outfits, and prove its efficacy for yourself (free of personal expense). (See Coupon below.)

In the course of a few days you will find every strand of your hair awakening to new vitality and new strength—you will find a new sparkle and freshness revivifying the hair, and all the lost light and shade, as well as the delicate tints of the hair, which have been dulled down, will re-appear, and your hair will rapidly take on a new lease of life and beauty.

When you have once personally experienced the exceptional advantages you will secure from the practice of "Hair-Drill" you will want to continue. You can always obtain further supplies of all "Harlene" preparations from all Kazzars and Drug Stores throughout India.

If you have any difficulty in obtaining supplies, any or all of these preparations will be sent to you on receipt of price direct from Edwards' Harlene, Ltd., 20, 22, 24, and 26, Lamb's Conduit Street, London, W.C. 1, England, to whom remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order, and should include postage.

"HARLENE" GIFT COUPON.

Detach and post to EDWARDS' HARLENE, Ltd., 20, 22, 24 and 26, Lamb's Conduit Street, London, W.C. 1, England.

Dear Sir—Please send me your Free "Harlene" Four-Fold Hair-Growing Outfit as announced. I enclose 6 annas in stamps for postage and packing to my address.

NOTE TO READER.

Write your full name and address clearly on a plain piece of paper, pin this coupon to it, and post as directed above. (Mark envelope "Sample Dept.")

Hongkong Daily Press.

THE WAR.

(Continued from Page 5.)

EARLIER CABLES.

(THROUGH BRITISH AGENCY.)

INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE.

HEARTY SEND-OFF TO REPRESENTATIVES.

LONDON, December 4th.

A crowd of thousands at Victoria Station this morning gave the Allied Representatives to the Inter-Allied Conference at Downing Street, a very hearty send-off.

The station was decorated with Anglo-French flags and a guard of honour from the Grenadiers was drawn up at the entrance. The band of the Scots Guards played on the platform.

H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, represented the King.

A squadron of aeroplanes escorted the train.

ENTIRE AGREEMENT ON DECISIONS.

LONDON, December 4th.

It is authoritatively stated that the conclusions reached by the Inter-Allied Conference were submitted this morning to the Imperial War Council for endorsement before adoption, as agreed items of the policy to be pursued at the Peace Conference.

The Prime Ministers of Canada, Newfoundland and Australia; also General Smuts, Mr. Walter Long, Mr. Montagu and other Ministers, not participating in the Inter-Allied Conference, attended this meeting, which lasted half an hour. After this the Inter-Allied Conference deliberated lengthily and then the War Council was called in to attend the joint sitting.

This lasted an hour and marked the conclusion of the Conference. It is emphatically and unequivocally declared that the Allies absolutely agree, and have the backing of the Representatives of the entire British Empire, and it is confidently anticipated that French and Italian opinion will support the conclusion, reached by the Conference.

MARSHAL FOCH SAYS FAREWELL.

LONDON, November 30th.

Marshal Foch, in a farewell message, expressed his gratitude for the unforgettable reception accorded him.

It exactly reflected the sincere and intimate union between Great Britain and France, animating as it did on the battlefield, which jointly enabled us to whack the common enemy.

RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

BOLSHEVISTS CONTROL GULF OF FINLAND.

HELSINKI, December 4th.

Bolshevik troops attempted to land east of Viborg, but were repulsed. Bolshevik ships control the Gulf of Finland, and communication between Helsinki and Riga is interrupted.

BOLSHEVISTS TO OCCUPY REVAL.

COPENHAGEN, December 4th.

According to *Le Temps* a message from Finland says:—The Bolsheviks intend to occupy Reval before the arrival of the British squadron.

POLES OCCUPY BREST-LITOVSK.

LYONS, December 4th.

The *Neue Freie Presse* announces that the Poles have occupied Brest-Litovsk.

PERSIAN MINISTER IMPRISONED.

STOCKHOLM, December 4th.

A telegram from Petrograd states that the Bolsheviks have imprisoned the Persian Minister until the Soviet representatives in Turkestan have been released.

MONTENEGRO.

SENSATIONAL REPORT DENIED.

PARIS, December 4th.

It is semi-officially announced that the Montenegrin Government has denied the American report that the Skupstina had decided to depose King Nicholas and unite Montenegro with Serbia.

REVOLTS IN ROUMANIA.

BUKHAREST REPORTED ON FIRE.

COPENHAGEN, December 4th.

A message from Berlin states that it is reported that Bukharest is burning. Peasant revolts have broken out in Rumania.

RETURN OF THE ROYAL FAMILY.

BUKHAREST, December 4th.

The Royal family returned on November 30th. A new Government has been formed with General Oandea as Premier.

DOWNFALL OF THE YOUNG TURKS.

RECENT LEADERS TO BE ARRESTED.

PARIS, December 4th.

A message from Constantinople states: At the request of the Ottoman Government the Berlin Government has ordered the arrest of Enver Pasha, Talaat Pasha, Djemal Pasha, Nazim Pasha, and Shukri Bey, who took refuge in Germany. The Ottoman Government has arrested 200 Young Turks, including Ferid Bey who was proceeding to Odessa with half a million pounds of Turkish money which he had amassed at Aleppo in a month.

GENERAL MACKENSEN'S ARMY

TO BE INTERNED IN HUNGARY.

COPENHAGEN, November 30th.

A message from Budapest says that General von Mackensen's Army of 170,000 will be interned in Hungary in accordance with the demand of France.

SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS AGAIN.

LYONS, December 4th.

The Spanish Cabinet has resigned. Count Romanones has been charged with the formation of a new Cabinet.

ATTACKING A LITTLE GIRL.

SMART SENTENCE ON SNATCHER.

At the Magistracy, yesterday, before Mr. C. A. D. Melbourne, a Chinese youth pleaded guilty to snatching a pair of bangles, valued at \$18, from a little girl.

Inspector Macdonald stated that the complainant and her little brother had just left the market in Des Vaux Road West, when defendant and two men surrounded them. Defendant snatched the bangles and ran off. An alarm was raised, and two *laksongs* started in pursuit. After traversing several streets defendant was arrested, and he then threw the bangles away. Defendant had been previously convicted for stealing electric bulbs, and was also wanted, with two others, for a robbery at West Point.

Defendant stated that he was an umbrella-mender. He had no fixed abode, and generally slept in the streets. His tools had all been sold in order to obtain food.

Mr. Melbourne sentenced defendant to six months' hard labour, four hours' stocks, and twelve strokes with the birch.

DODGING A BRICK.

At the Magistracy, yesterday, before Mr. J. B. Wood, Mr. O. Rosa charged a Chinese with assault.

Complainant stated that an altercation arose between him and defendant, and was followed by blows. Complainant had a doctor's certificate to prove the serious nature of one of the blows he had received. In the meantime his manager ordered him to leave the office. Defendant threw a brick at him, but he managed to dodge it. Complainant produced a broken stick and a torn shirt, which were the handwork of defendant. Complainant further stated that he had lost his job through defendant, and had a mother to support.

Defendant denied the assault, stating that complainant attacked him first. Another witness gave evidence to the effect that he saw complainant assaulting defendant.

Mr. Wood dismissed the case with the remark: "I do not believe complainant."

CITY HALL WORK PARTY.

During the month of November the City Hall Work Party packed the following:—447 suits pyjamas, 144 shirts, 437 vests, 113 bed-jackets, 21 reversible bed-jackets, 133 pairs pants, 104 pairs surgical socks, 23 many tailed bandages, 4 dozen eye-bandages, 146 handkerchiefs, 119 food covers, 40 tray-cloths, 5 pairs comfort boots, 20 small pads, 6 mops, 40 washers, 21 shrouds, 30 mosquito nets, 11 dozen small pillows, 127 packets bandages, 19 bags swabs, 21 abdominal pads, 33 triangular bandages, 5 vermin shirts and 4 pneumonia jackets.

The Wood Department packed:—196 pairs knecaps, 133 pairs socks, 38 caps, and mufflers. These were sent North, and were made by the City Hall, the Wesleyan Church, and the U.S.R.C. Work Parties.

The following articles were given to local troops:—88 shirts, 140 vests, 132 pants, 98 handkerchiefs, 25 helmets, 133 pairs socks, 53 mufflers, 133 pairs knecaps and 11 caps. Two cases of bandages packed in October were given to the Military Hospital, Bowen Road.

The three Chinese who were charged, on remand, with the murder of a Chinese in Pennington Street early last month, were committed yesterday for trial at the December Criminal Sessions. The murder, it is alleged, was committed over an opium transaction.

HALF A CENTURY REPUTATION.

DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR THE LIVER & KIDNEYS Available for diseases of these important organs. Gravel, Pains in the Back, Gout, Rheumatism, etc. Friends, leading Chemists, or post free. Dr. Le Clerc, 112, St. Mark's Road, N.W., LONDON, ENGLAND. Depots: Paris, 12, Rue Cassini; New York, 90, Broadway; Sydney, 17, Market Street; Melbourne, 17, Market Street; Auckland, 17, Market Street; Wellington, 17, Market Street; Calcutta, 17, Market Street.

[2575]

KEATING'S LOZENGES
cure the worst Cough

BEEHIVE la-rola
YOUR SKIN AND COMPLEXION
can be kept in a perfect condition of the year round by a regular use of Beehive La-rola. It is especially recommended for the treatment of Eruptions, Itch, and all skin diseases. It is a delicate and refreshing preparation of all skins. Manufactured by M. BEETHAM & SON, CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

MARTIN'S APOLLO STEEL APOLLO PILLS
A French Preparation of Steel and Iron. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all cases of Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, and all other ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a delicate and refreshing preparation of all skins. Manufactured by M. BEETHAM & SON, CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

AMERICA'S
LEADING
MOTORCYCLE

Indian

"Count the Indians on the road"

We have just received a shipment of 1918 BIG TWINS with Electric equipment. Price has been reduced to \$530—the lowest it has ever been. Later shipments will be higher in price. Next year's Indian will be exactly the same as the 1918 model.

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,
4, Des Vaux Road Central,
Telephone 2487.

[2412]

WHY WORRY?



"WHY worry? The War's over!" So it is. We have all heard that remark more than once, but there is much to "worry" about yet. We're not out of the game simply because the Huns have laid down their guns. What you gave on Heather Day and at the Fair is surely not the limit of your sacrifice! There are thousands and thousands of brave men condemned to pass the rest of their lives in misery unless we rally to the aid of the great work of healing. Thanks to the Army and Navy, we have had, and will continue to have, a very comfortable time in Hongkong. It is our duty then to "worry" in order that the maimed and sick, the human wreckage of the great war of Liberty, may be restored. Every one of us here owes a great debt to the men who fought and bled in the war—a debt which we can never repay. But we can show our appreciation by giving our last cent to the great work of mercy in which so many noble men and women are engaged at home. Money is urgently needed. Shall we grudge it now that the war is won? Never let it be said that our patriotism and honour petered out with the echo of the last shot. Don't say that you put every cent you had into Heather Day and St. Andrew's Fair. The War Bonds Drawing is for the same cause, and its success must be written down in the annals of the Colony's giving as another endeavour to show tangible appreciation of the brilliant achievements, on the battlefield and on the North Sea, of the bravest boys on earth. Make the result a Victory Offering worthy of the Colony.

PERHAPS IT'S YOUR LAST CHANCE.



HE NEEDS IT ALL TO CURE HIS ILLS.
ST. ANDREW'S WAR BOND TICKETS.

On Sale, till 31st December, at all Banks, Hotels, Clubs & Stores.

Seigel's Syrup

THE IDEAL REMEDY FOR

For nearly half a century Mother Seigel's Syrup has been the reliable family medicine in hundreds of thousands of homes throughout the world for the prevention and relief of stomach and liver troubles, and as a ready means of recovering and maintaining good health. Mother Seigel's Syrup has a gentle tonic action upon the digestive organs—the stomach, liver and bowels—toning and strengthening them so

INDIGESTION AND OTHER

that they are able to do their work effectively and obtain from the food you eat all the nourishment requisite to keep you strong and vigorous. By making and keeping the blood pure, Mother Seigel's Syrup brings the glow of radiant health to the pale cheeks of anemic girls, gives strength to growing boys, and revitalises the digestive organs of the elderly and makes them feel fit and strong. Keep Mother Seigel's Syrup in your home. It is an ideal family medicine.

STOMACH & LIVER TROUBLES

20,000 DOCTORS

are recommending

PLASMON
ALL NOURISHMENT COCOA

Because

It yields a delicious beverage containing ALL the constituents able to support Life. —Lancet

MAX OF BADEN'S TRUE COLOURS

"DECLINES TO ACCEPT ANY SUCH THING AS WESTERN DEMOCRACY."

A dispatch to the *Daily Mail* from Berne says:—

"A letter in which Prince Max of Baden reveals himself in his true colours has come into my hands. After reading it no-one will any longer be in doubt either as to the character of the man who wrote it or as to the reason why the Kaiser chose him for the role he now has to play."

"On December 14th last, at the time when many speeches were being delivered to stimulate the flagging morale of the hungry Germans, Prince Max made a speech about the Sermon on the Mount in the Chamber of Deputies at Baden. He said:—

"Not hatred of our foes, but rather love of Germany should be the soldiers' true motive in fighting. The sword alone cannot overcome the moral opposition of our foes. If the world is to be reconciled to the greatness of Germany's power it must be taught to feel that behind our power stands not merely a national but a world conscience. True, the whole history of spiritual Germany's feelings of responsibility to humanity shines like a beacon. This is the sign we must inscribe on our standards. In this sign we shall conquer."

About a month later, on January 12th, Prince Max wrote the following letter to his cousin, Prince Alexander of Hohenlohe, to interpret the real meaning of his Sermon on the Mount speech:—

"I am astonished at the various interpretations put on my speech in various quarters. The Swiss newspapers read into it a sort of opposition between the Hohenzollerns and the Zähringers (the Baden royal family). How nonsensical this is is shown by the fact that the Kaiser—this is *cave nous*—sent me a telegram congratulating me and calling my speech 'a high feat'."

"On the one hand the Pan-Germans fall upon me, utterly failing to perceive in their wrath that with my interpretation of Christianity I am really endowing their German swords with a German spirit by means of which they can conquer the world to their hearts' content. On the other hand, the hateful paper the *Frankfurter Zeitung* besmeared me with its laudations, although I clearly enough held up to scorn in my speech the popular outcry for 'democracy' and all current party watch-words, especially 'parliamentarism'."

"The world is out of joint and people's minds are unbalanced. Everybody is so hypnotised by these crazy ideas that I cannot get them to take in earnest my words of practical common-sense about spiritual Christianity and the desecrating of the conscience of humanity as a whole."

"For many a day I longed to have a good dig at our enemies and to hold up to ridicule this affected judicial attitude of theirs in the matter of responsibility for the war, as well as their care about 'democracy'. For many a day, too, I longed to confront them and their pagan tricks with the Sermon on the Mount, and together with this doctrine of love to set in clearer light the duty of the strong to guard the rights of mankind."

"Our enemies falsify the most sacred principles with their lies and libels, and we allow ourselves to be influenced by their base machinations. The beginning and end of my speech were, therefore, concerned in rebutting the lies and false suggestions of the enemy's moral offence. As my object was also to laugh to scorn the democratic war-cry of the Western Powers I had to come to a sort of compromise with my audience about our own internal affairs. As I quite decline to accept any such thing as western democracy for Germany and Baden, I had to force to tell my hearers that I perfectly understood their needs, but at the same time I could not but warn them that I had arrived at a sort of political platform which gives me liberty to follow paths I have marked out for myself."

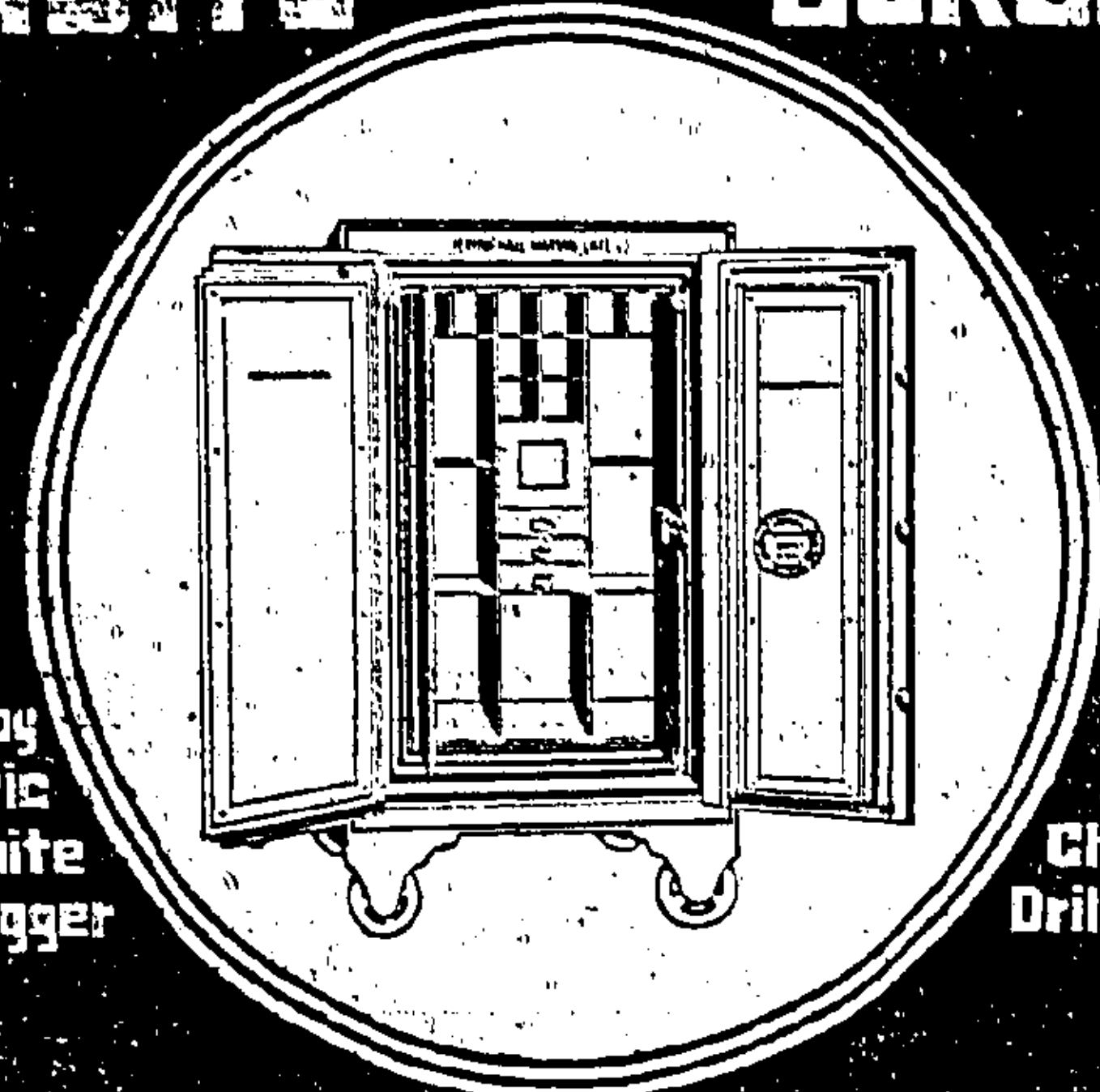
"With regard to the peace question I take up the same standpoint in contrast to the rulers of the Western Powers. My object was only to suggest the general mood in which questions should be approached. The how is of the greatest value because the 'what' is so difficult to define; for I, too, naturally wish for the greatest possible exploitation of our successes in contrast to the so-called peace resolution of July, 1917, which was a disgusting child born of fear and the Berlin dogdays."

"I wish to have the greatest possible indemnities, no matter in what form, so that after the war we may not be too poor. My view in these matters is not quite yours, for I am not yet in favour of anything more being said about Belgium than what already has been said. Our enemies know enough, and in dealing with such a cunning and astute opponent as England Belgium is the only object of compensation which we possess."

"There you have, then, my own interpretation of my speech, 100,000 copies of which have been distributed as a leaflet for propaganda purposes. My speech is to be read as a whole if it is not to be misunderstood. I have a very poor opinion of the moral disposition of the rulers of our enemies as well as of the terrible lack of judgment among the people whom they rule. The baseness of their ideas is too shameful for words. We Germans, on the other hand, are by our stupidity, for both the Pan-Germans and Peace resolutions are alike stupid things."

PROOF AGAINST ALL-FIRE BANDITS BURGLARS

Protected by
an automatic
Dynamite
Trigger



Lock protected
by a five ply
Chrome steel
Drill proof plate

HERRING-HALL-MARVIN SAFE CO.

LATEST IMPROVED FIREPROOF SAFES

*Patent Fireproofing Composition
Unequaled in the World to day*

MUSTARD & CO.

Sole Agents

A GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE

Throughout the many stages of woman's life, from peevish girlhood through womanhood, motherhood, to the declining years of old age, there is no better, milder or more effective medical companion to women-folk than **DR. MORSE'S Indian Root Pills**.

They promote a healthy and regular condition, cleansing and restoring the Bowels, Liver and Kidneys, to perfect working order. A few doses occasionally when well, will assure a pure and healthy system. Years ago Pills were the medicine of the poor only. To-day the efficacy of Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills to overcome the common ailments and restore health and happiness to sick and ailing women, has convinced not only the working section of the population, but the wives and daughters of the more wealthy, professional and independent classes that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are a Great Female Medicine, and are absolutely indispensable to every lady's boudoir. They are a perfect Blood Purifier and a positive and permanent Cure for Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Headaches, Sallow Complexion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Piles, Pimples, Boils, and Bleaches, and for Female Ailments.

They are a perfect Blood Purifier and a positive and permanent cure for Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Headaches, Sallow Complexion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Piles, Pimples, Boils, and Bleaches, and for Female Ailments.

THEY DO NOT WEAKEN. THEY DO NOT SICKEN. THEY DO NOT GRUPE.

THE SWAN

FOUNT
PEN.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
FREE.

DEFIES HEAT

Its perfect fit and scientific construction preventing that annoying clogging and evaporation of the ink which attends the use of the old-fashioned dip pen or the cheap and dirty type of fountain pen. The "Swan" has a perfect ink-feed, is fitted with a gold nib, iridium tipped, does not leak, and is easily filled and cleaned.



SOLD BY ALL JEWELLERS, STATIONERS AND IMPORTERS.
MABIE, TODD & Co.,
Manufacturers, LONDON.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Sign Sure of Blood Impurity.

The actual appearance through the skin of ECZEMA, BLOTCHES, SPOTS, BLACKHEADS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORES AND ERUPTIONS OF ANY KIND.

The throbbing aching pains of RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, GOUT.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments, which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have is a medicine that will get right to the root of your trouble, a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a lasting cure.

The selection of testimonials see pamphlet, round bottle.

By reason of its remarkable Blood Purifying Properties it is universally recognized as OVER 40 YEARS' SUCCESS. PLEASANT TO THE TASTE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD'S BEST REMEDY FOR
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
Sold by all Chemists and Stores.
REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

LONDON SELLING AGENTS

TEA, INDIGO, FIBRES, BRISTLES, OILS, HIDES & SKINS, RUBBER, DRUGS, COTTON, WOOL, GUMS, MICA, GENERAL PRODUCE.

Sold on commission in British and Continental Markets. Best prices for consignments insisted.

KEYMER, SON & CO., (Import Dept.) Whitechapel, London. Telegrams: "Keymer, London." Est. 1844.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Reported on December 6th.
Atsuta Maru, Jap. str., from Yokohama.
Atsuta Maru, Jap. str., from Swatow.
Brasilia, British str., from Haiphong.
Hoi Ming, Br. str., from Ki Au Island.
Heungshan, British str., from Canton.
Honam, British str., from Canton.
Hong On, French str., from Haiphong.
Juno, Dutch str., from Balikpapan.
Kinsan, British str., from Canton.
Koshi, French str., from Haiphong.
Kurelin, British str., from Canton.
Kwong Lee, Chinese str., from Amoy.
Kwong Sai, British str., from Canton.
Nam Wei, Chinese str., from Hongkong.
Nam Wei, Chinese str., from Haiphong.
Satsukima Maru, Jap. str., from Karu, Japan.
Sui Lin, British str., from Macao.
Sui Tai, British str., from Macao.
Sun Tak, Port. str., from Haiphong.
Tung Shing, British str., from Hongkong.
Van Chien, Dutch str., from Swatow.

CLEARANCES

December 6th.
Chiao Maru, for Moji.
Chun Sang, for Singapore.
Haitan, for Foochow.
Kailang, for Shanghai.
Liang Chiao, for Bangkok.
Seikai Maru, for Singapore.
Song Ma, for Haiphong.
Tsun Ma, for Manila.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying in the Great Northern Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong—

Address	From
Cha Lip Tong, 278, Des Voeux Road Central	Olorago
Wyatt & Sons, 278, Des Voeux Road Central	Olorago
Nishioka Sui-ki-hoten	Kobe
Sam-yik	Shanghai
Miss Chen Wong, 3rd Floor, 37, Des Voeux Street (3)	Shanghai
Lian-yuen	Shanghai
Bon-liee	Shanghai
George Still, Hongkong Hotel	New York
Tong-yack Hang-fatchong, West Point	Shanghai
Chang-yuen, No. 11, China Wine Shop	Shanghai
Tschi-chia, 60, Kailong Quigo Wabuka	Nagasaki
Chen Wike (3)	Shanghai
Taung-tun	Shanghai
No. 161, Wanchayton	Shanghai
Sheng-tai	Shanghai
Wong, 60, Shikho	Shanghai
Leun, 60, Shikho	Shanghai
Chong-koo-ma, Leun, 60, Shikho	Shanghai
Yung-shing	Shanghai
Yip-wai, 2nd Floor, 39, Des Voeux Road, Ott.	Nagasaki
Le-yuen-shia, Kien-ke	Kobe
Kwong-hong-sang	Shanghai
Shan-yung	Shanghai
Kan-yasahi, Ma-chi-hara Hotel Tokyo	Shanghai

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong—

Address	From
Cruikshank, Passenger Ship	Shanghai
Peerman	London
Frutier, Hongkong Hotel	Shanghai
Yoshikawa, Nippon Yusen Kaisha	Tokyo

CHURCH SERVICES

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong.
 2nd Sunday in Advent, 8th December, 1918.
 Holy Communion (7.30 a.m.). Service.
 Metricks: Hymns, 558, 47, 223, 318 and 551.
 Matins (11 a.m.). Responses: Ferial; Venite.
 Hymns: 49 and 46. God Save the King.
 N.B.—Psalm 33, verses 1, 2, 3, 10, 13, 16, 21 and 22 in unison; Psalm 33, verses 3, 4, 9, 13 and 15 in unison; Hymn 49, verses 1, 2 and 3 in unison; Hymn 46, verses 1, 2 and 3 in unison.
 Hymns: 49 and 46. God Save the King.
 N.B.—Psalm 33, verses 1, 2, 3, 10, 13, 16, 21 and 22 in unison; Psalm 33, verses 3, 4, 9, 13 and 15 in unison; Hymn 49, verses 1, 2 and 3 in unison; Hymn 46, verses 1, 2 and 3 in unison.
 Union Church, Kennedy Road, Sunday, 8th December, 1918. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Hymns, 347, 605, 307 and 147; Paraphrase: Subject, "The God of Might and Tenderness." Evening Service at 6 p.m. Hymns, 245, 605, 123 and 122. Preacher, Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald.
 St. Peter's Church, West Point, Sunday, 8th December, 1918. Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, and Sermon at 11 a.m. Preacher, Rev. A. D. Stewart.
 First Church of Christ, Scientist, MacDonnell Road, Sunday, 11.15 a.m. Wednesday, 5.30 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

PACIFIC SERVICE. CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

THE STEAMSHIP

"MONTEAGLE"

will sail from Hongkong for Vancouver via usual Ports of Call

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20th.

Regular Mail, Passenger and Freight Services.
 Excellent Accommodation. Moderate Rates.
 Dominion Express Company's Travellers' Cheques issued, safe and convenient way of carrying funds.

For particulars regarding fares, rates, mailings, etc., apply to the General Agent, Messrs. P. & O. S. N. Co., Ltd., 151, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

VESSELS despatched to the Undermentioned PORTS

LONDON via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID and MARSEILLES.

Next Sailing about

SHANGHAI

Next Sailing about

LONDON via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID and MARSEILLES.

SHANGHAI, MOUL, KORE and YOKOHAMA

Next Sailing about

BOMBAY via SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.

Next Sailing about

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOK, FREIGHTS, DATES OF SAILING, ETC., apply to P. & O. S. N. Co., Ltd., 151, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LTD.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

FOR	STEAMER	TO SAIL
HAIPHONG	"LOOSANG"	Wed. 11th Dec. 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"YOSANG"	Thurs. 12th Dec. 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"MAUSANG"	Fri. 13th Dec. 8 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"ESANG"	Sat. 14th Dec. 8 a.m.
MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	Fri. 13th Dec. 3 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"KWAISANG"	Sat. 14th Dec. 3 p.m.
MANILA	"YUENSANG"	Fri. 20th Dec. 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE.—This line is temporarily discontinued owing to the war, but as present a monthly service is maintained with Calcutta by the s.s. "KWAISANG" and "VITIM." Calling at Singapore and Penang. The former vessel has excellent passenger accommodation, is fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SINGAPORE LINE.—The s.s. "VAN WAERWICK" leaves for Singapore approximately every fortnight. This vessel has excellent accommodation for first-class passengers, and is fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and also carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Hanoi when inducement offers.

BORNEO LINE.—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kuala, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Dato.

TIENTSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

UNDER STRAITS GOVERNMENT PASSPORT REGULATIONS. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlements, are required to produce on arrival, at destination, passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD., General Managers. Telephone No. 215.

WEATHER REPORT

December 6th, 1918.—Pressure has decreased moderately at Shanghai, and slightly over N. Japan and in the vicinity of Hongkong. It has increased slightly elsewhere. The anti-cyclone moving over N. China yesterday has moved eastward to S. Japan.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.01 inch. Total since January 1st, 101.45 inches, against an average of 83.18 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows—

DISTRICT	FORECAST
Hongkong to Gap Rock	NE. wind s.e. fresh; cloudy, occasional rain.
Formosa Channel	North winds.
South Coast of China between Hongkong and Lamecks	The same as No. 1.
South Coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan	The same as No. 1.

Limbs And Ankle In Pimply Mass

Pimples came to heads. Became itchy and burned causing many sleepless nights. Tried remedies but got little relief. Almost lost heart. First application Cuticura Soap and Ointment gave relief. In two months was completely healed.

From signed statement of J. Campbell, 33, Fore St., Torpoint, R. S. O., Cornwall, Eng., Aug. 3, 1916.
 Clear the pores of impurities by daily use of Cuticura Soap and occasional touches of Cuticura Ointment as needed to soften, soothe and heal. Nothing better, purer, sweeter.
 Samples Free by Return Post. (Soap to cleanse, Ointment to heal.) Address: F. Newbery & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. Sold everywhere.

CUTLER PALMER & CO'S



SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and from ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

By Appointment to H.M. THE KING.

FIRE ENGINE MAKERS.

MERRYWEATHERS' Best Quality

CANVAS HOSE PIPES

Two Brands of World-wide Repute:

"DUB-SUB" and "EXTRA DUB-SUB"

Lined with Best Para Rubber when required.

Write for "Hints on Hose" and quotations to MERRYWEATHER & SONS, Ltd., Greenwich, London, S.E.

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LTD.

THE COMPANY'S CHARTERED STEAMER

"KEY WEST"

Will be despatched for SINGAPORE on or about the 15TH DECEMBER.

For Freight and further information apply to—

J. H. WALLACE, General Agent.

YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA

INCORPORATED IN JAPAN.

(THE YAMASHITA STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

STEAMSHIP OWNERS, BROKERS FOR THE SALE, PURCHASE, CONSTRUCTION AND CHARTERING OF STEAMERS, MARINE INSURANCE BROKERS ETC.

COAL MINE OWNERS ALSO BUNKER COAL CONTRACTORS.

BEST JAPANESE COAL ALWAYS IN STOCK

HEAD OFFICE.—KOBE

BRANCH OFFICES.—TOKIO, SINGAPORE, AND TAIHOKU.

AGENTS.—LONDON, NEW YORK, SEATTLE, SAN FRANCISCO, SYDNEY, SHANGHAI, TAIKAO, KEELUNG AND MOUL.

FOR PARTICULARS PLEASE APPLY TO—

M. KOBAYASHI, Agent, 107 Floor, King's Building.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA.)

THE STEAMSHIP

"VAN CLOON"

will be despatched on December 12th, 1918, to:

SWATOW, BELEWAN-DELI and PENANG

This vessel offers excellent cabin-accommodation for saloon-passengers.

Wireless Telegraphy.

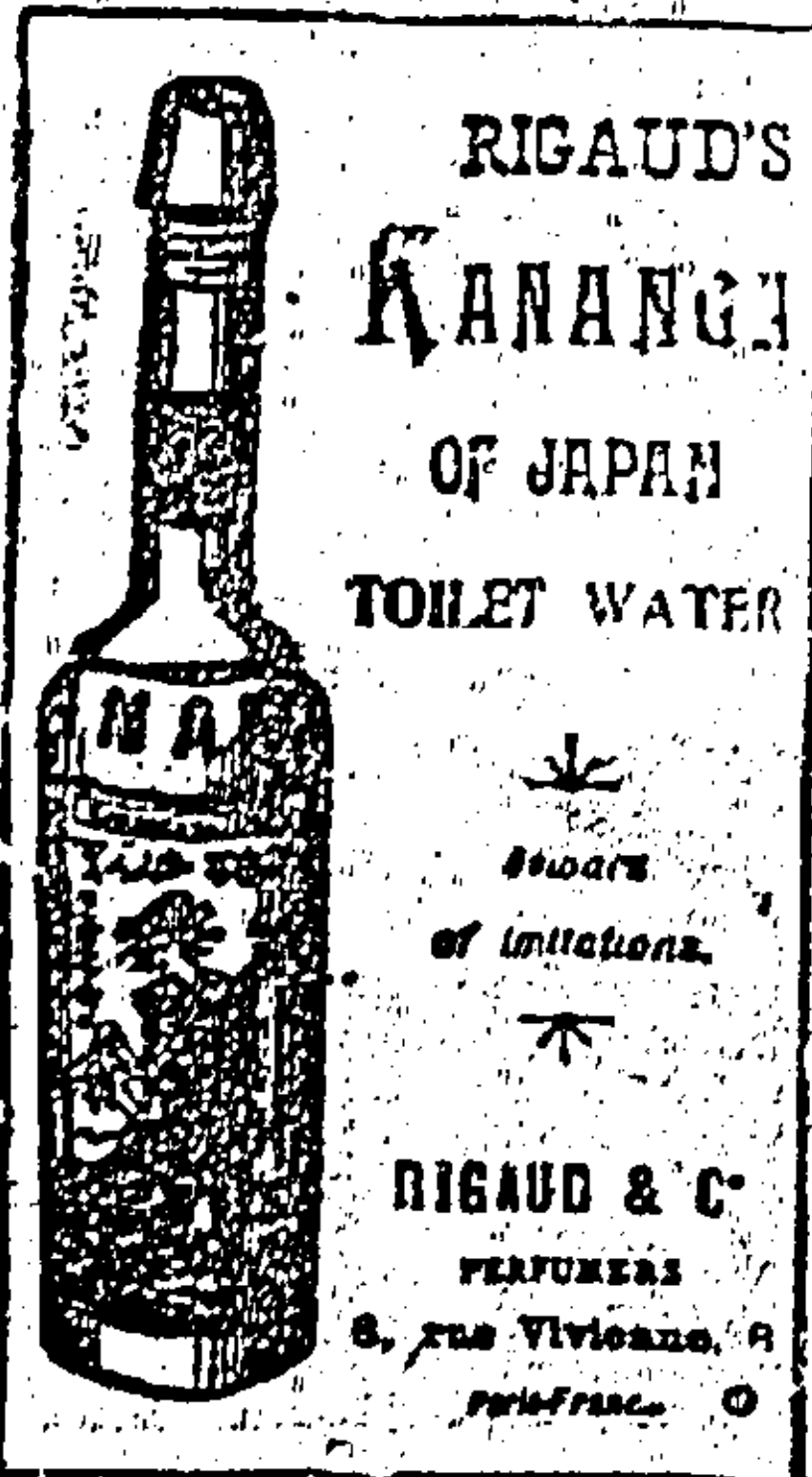
For freight and passage apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN, Agents.

"ASAHI BEER."



SOLE AGENTS: MITSU, BUSSAN KAISHA.



KUHARA SHOJI KAISHA, LD.

KUHARA TRADING CO., LTD.

(Shipping Department).

HEAD OFFICE (KORE).

Branches and Representatives:—

TOKIO, OSAKA, LONDON, NEW YORK, PARIS, BOMBAY, BEER, PORT SAID, CALTAO, HAYAMA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, TAIKAO, BANGKOK, SAIGON, YOKOHAMA, SHANGHAI and TAIPEI.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Pacific Coasts, Japan, China, India, Java, North and South America, also to Mediterranean.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.
 S.S. "YUKI MARU" For SALINA CRUZ via YOKOHAMA and SAN FRANCISCO 10th Dec.
 S.S. "KISHUN MARU" For SAIGON direct 15th Dec.
 For further particulars apply to—

CHU KYOKU TRADING Co., M. HASHIMOTO, General Agents.

Telephone No. 1108.

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INDIAN AFRICAN LINE

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to SHIRAZ, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to SHIRAZ, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to apply to the undersigned.

THE BANK LINE LIMITED
Managing Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(RELIEFMAN & BOOKHALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners' option. Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to apply to the undersigned.

or to Messrs & Co., Canton. THE BANK LINE LIMITED
General Agents.

C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS	TO	DATE
SWATOW AND BANGKOK	LIANGCHOW	On 7th Dec. 9 A.M.
TSINGTAO and CHEFOO	KWELIN	On 7th Dec. Noon
SHANGHAI	SINGAN	On 10th Dec. Noon
SHANGHAI	SUNNING	On 12th Dec. Noon
SHANGHAI	YINGCHOW	On 14th Dec. 3 P.M.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS and CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation, Ample Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

TELEPHONE 84

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Agents

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passenger Electric Light and Fans in Saloons and Saloons and Excellent cuisine.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOY AND POOCHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

"HAIKONG"	Capt. J. W. Evans	FRIDAY, 13th Dec. 11 P.M.
"HAIYAN"	Capt. A. E. Rodgers	TUESDAY, 17th Dec. 11 P.M.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Kowloon Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

General Managers

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

Regular Service between

CALCUTTA STRAITS, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

WESTWARD

These Steamers have excellent Saloon accommodation for Passengers and Cargo.

Freight or Passage apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO. LTD.

Agents

P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT TO

MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO TO STRAITS, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALIA, EGYPT, &c.

Steamer	Leave Hong Kong	Connecting Mail	Due at	Due at
Colombo	10th Dec. Noon	Str. from Colombo	Marseilles	London

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO, Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking. On the Australian Route Tickets interchangeable with Orient Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Leave Hong Kong about

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS

(Non-Transshipment) IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS, WILL LEAVE DIRECT FOR

MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Calling at SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTERHAM, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID. CARRYING IN AND OUT SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES. Proposed Sailing:

STEAMERS	Leave Hong Kong about	Leave Suez about	Due at Marseilles if sailing about	Due at London about
The Intermediate Service is	Temporarily Suspended.			

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS. All Cables are fitted with Electric Fans for cooling and each Port is furnished with an Electric Heating Lamp. Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice. Any damaged packages must be left in the Godown for examination by the Consignee and the Company's Surveyor, Messrs. GOSNOLD & DEAN, at 19 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godown. For further information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailing, etc., apply to—

V. D. PARR, Superintendent

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DEPARTURE	SAILING DATE
SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA	TAMBA MARU	12th Dec. 11 A.M.
YOKOHAMA	KAMAKURA MARU	14th Dec. 11 A.M.
NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA	NIKKO MARU	16th Dec. 11 A.M.
YOKOHAMA	KITANO MARU	18th Dec. 11 A.M.
SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA	YOROPPA MARU No. 2	20th Dec. 11 A.M.
LONDON & LIVERPOOL	KAGA MARU	12th Dec. 11 A.M.
COLOMBO, SUEZ, PORT SAID, Marseilles	YOKOHAMA MARU	14th Dec. 11 A.M.
MELBOURNE VIA MANILA	TANGO MARU	16th Dec. 11 A.M.
NEW YORK	SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SAN FRANCISCO and PANAMA CANAL	18th Dec. 11 A.M.
BOMBAY & SINGAPORE	TENSHIN MARU	20th Dec. 11 A.M.
CALCUTTA VIA SINGAPORE	TOYOOKA MARU	22nd Dec. 11 A.M.
PORT, PENANG and RANGOON	YEBOSHI MARU	24th Dec. 11 A.M.

Quitting Shanghai and/or Moji. Wireless telegraphy. HONGKONG, VICTORIA, B.C., SEATTLE

MANILA, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & YOKOHAMA. Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "FUSHIMI MARU," "SUWA MARU," "KASHIMA MARU" and "KATORI MARU," each of over 20,000 tons displacement.

Next Sailing from Hongkong. FUSHIMI MARU, 30th Dec. at 11 A.M. SUWA MARU, 31st Dec. at 11 A.M. KASHIMA MARU, 1st Jan. at 11 A.M. KATORI MARU, 2nd Jan. at 11 A.M.

Quitting Manila Eastbound. For further information apply to NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 2 MOJI, MANILA.

Telephone 723 and 724

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU. FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Steamer	Tons	Leave Hongkong
SHINTO MARU	22,000	THURS, 19th Dec.
KOREA MARU	20,000	18th Jan. 1919.
SIBERIA MARU	20,000	30th Jan.
TENYO MARU	22,000	8th Feb.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO, CRUZ, BALBOA, CALLAO, ARIKA AND QUIQUE.

THENCE BY TRANS-ANDREAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamer	Tons	Leave Hongkong
KIYO MARU	17,200	Jan. 9th, 1919.

Tickets are interchangeable with the CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICE, Ltd., and the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO. Passengers may travel by Rail between Ports of Call in Japan free of Charge. For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to— T. DAIGO, Manager, King's Building.

TELEPHONE 274 and 275.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

SERVICE TO AND FROM SHANGHAI

SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE

For SHANGHAI—The Steamer "NERA" will leave on or about Dec. 20th.

Ports of call:—Shanghai, Hongkong, Haiphong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For full particulars regarding sailings, apply to

J. TOURTET, Acting Agent, Queen's Building.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

GENOA—Monthly service, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Company's steamer.

MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said. "GANGES MARU" Wednesday, 18th December.

BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN and CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.

MADRID, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN. "INDUS MARU" Tuesday, 31st Dec. at Noon.

BOMBAY COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore. "KENKON MARU" Friday 26th December, Noon.

BATAVIA, SOERABAYA, SAMARANG—Monthly direct service.

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUCKLAND, N. Z. and ADELAIDE.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA—Regular fortnightly services touching at intermediate ports in Japan and taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S. in connection with Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

"MEXICO MARU" Thursday, 19th December, at 3 P.M.

"KUREHA MARU" Monday 30th December 3 P.M.

"ARABIA MARU" Monday, 8th January, 3 P.M.

KEELUNG, TAKAO via SWATOW, AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the Sun Yip wharf, near the Harbour Office.

For TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

For KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY. "KAMAKURA MARU" Sunday, 8th December, at 10 P.M.

For forwarding rates and further particulars, please apply to—

K. YAMASAKI, Manager.

Tel. No. 744 and 745. 100, Queen's Building.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

"NANKING" "CHINA"

(25,000 tons, American Registry) (10,200 tons, American Registry)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS AND HONOLULU.

"NANKING" "CHINA" 1st-6th, 1919.

An unsurpassed high-class passenger service.

Princes' Buildings. O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent, 100 House Street. Tel. 194.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
Europe (via Nippon) ...	Kuwait ...	9th Dec.
U.S.A. via Manila ...	Pushimi Maru ...	9th Dec.
U.S.A. via Manila ...	Shinyo Maru ...	11th Dec.

OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated.

FOR	PER	DATE
Swatow and Bangkok ...	Swatow ...	Saturday, 7th, 8.00 A.M.
Chefoo ...	Chefoo ...	Saturday, 7th, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow ...	Swatow ...	Saturday, 7th, 11.00 A.M.
Bangkok ...	Bangkok ...	Saturday, 7th, 5.00 P.M.
Haiphong ...	Haiphong ...	Sunday, 8th, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung ...	Amoy ...	Sunday, 8th, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China ...	Shanghai ...	Tuesday, 10th, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow ...	Swatow ...	Thursday, 12th, 11.00 A.M.
Bangkok ...	Bangkok ...	Thursday, 12th, 11.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China ...	Shanghai ...	Friday, 13th, 1.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookchow ...	Swatow ...	Friday, 13th, 2.00 P.M.
Philippines Islands ...	Philippines ...	Saturday, 14th, 9.45 A.M.
South Africa, India via Dhanshodhi ...	South Africa ...	Saturday, 14th, 10.30 A.M.
Bombay, Aden, Port Tewfik, and ...	Bombay ...	Saturday, 14th, 10.30 A.M.
Europe via Suez ...	Europe ...	Saturday, 14th, 10.30 A.M.
The Parcel Mail will be closed ...	The Parcel Mail ...	on Friday, 13th Dec. at 5 p.m.
Shanghai and North China ...	Shanghai ...	Saturday, 14th, 5.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookchow ...	Swatow ...	Tuesday, 17th, 1.00 P.M.

* Subscribed correspondence only.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS OUTWARD.

FOR	ON WEEK-DAYS	ON SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS
Tai O ...	Noon	11.00 A.M.
Tai Po ...	10.00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.
Cheung Chow ...	1.30 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Shantou, Shatin, Sheungshui, Antau, ...	4.00 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Bing Shan and Santin ...	4.30 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Aberdeen, Sai Kung and Stanley ...	4.30 P.M.	11.00 A.M.
Canton and Samshui ...	7.30 A.M. Regis. 5.00 P.M. Letters 6.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Wuchow ...	4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.
Macao ...	1.30 P.M.	9.00 A.M.
Kongmoon ...	6.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.
Nantau and Samshui ...	6.00 P.M.	6.00 P.M.
Shamchun ...	10.00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.

From Sheungwan Western Branch P.O.

FOR	ON WEEK-DAYS	ON SUNDAY	ON HOLIDAY
Macao ...	7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M.	8.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M. 1.30 P.M.
Canton and Samshui ...	7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	7.30 A.M. 9.30 P.M.
Tai Ping Tung ...	8.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.30 P.M.
Shok K ...	8.00 P.M.	9.00 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Kongmoon ...	8.00 P.M.	9.00 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Kaukung ...	8.00 P.M.	9.00 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Wuchow ...	4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, December 6th

Previous On Date	At	At	At
Day	4 p.m.	8 a.m.	3 p.m.
Barometer ...	30.02	30.07	30.04
Temperature ...	70	85	70
Humidity ...	66	55	81
Wind Direction ...	East	East	East
Force ...	4	3	3
Weather ...	0	0	0
Rain ...	0	0	0

Highest observed Temperature on 6th...70
Lowest observed Temperature on 6th...57

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE

From 7th to 12th December, 1918.

HIGH WATER				LOW WATER			
Day	Time	Height	Day	Time	Height	Day	Time
Satur.	7.10	12.1	8.10	1.1	1.1	7.10	12.1
Sun.	8.10	12.1	9.10	1.1	1.1	8.10	12.1
Mon.	9.10	12.1	10.10	1.1	1.1	9.10	12.1
Tues.	10.10	12.1	11.10	1.1	1.1	10.10	12.1
Wed.	11.10	12.1	12.10	1.1	1.1	11.10	12.1
Thurs.	12.10	12.1	1.10	1.1	1.1	12.10	12.1
Fri.	1.10	12.1	2.10	1.1	1.1	1.10	12.1

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS AND LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR HAVILA, AMERICA, CONVENTUAL AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Homeward Mail Steamer, carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this port as usual, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports. Passengers accommodation in the connecting vessel, secured before departure from Hongkong. Silk and Valuable Cargo for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be conveyed by this Steamer proceeding to Bombay and there transhipped to the connecting Steamer for Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at the Office until 3 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required. For further particulars, sailing dates, etc. apply to

E. V. D. PARE, Superintendent.

OLARKE'S B. 41 PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional diseases from the urinary organs in either sex. These pills also cure Gravel, Pain in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the world.

COMMERCIAL. OPENING QUOTATIONS.

December 5th.	
Telegraphic Transfer ...	3/4
Bank Bills, on demand ...	3/4
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight ...	3/4
Bank Bills, at 60 days' sight ...	3/4
Credit, at 4 months' sight ...	3/4
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight ...	3/4
On Paris ...	45 1/2
On New York ...	80 1/2
On Hongkong ...	22 1/2
On Shanghai ...	22 1/2
On Canton ...	22 1/2
On Amoy ...	22 1/2
On Swatow ...	22 1/2
On Bangkok ...	22 1/2
On Manila ...	22 1/2
On Yokohama ...	22 1/2
On Kobe ...	22 1/2
On Osaka ...	22 1/2
On London ...	22 1/2
On India ...	22 1/2
On Australia ...	22 1/2
On South Africa ...	22 1/2
On Brazil ...	22 1/2
On Argentina ...	22 1/2
On Chile ...	22 1/2
On Peru ...	22 1/2
On Colombia ...	22 1/2
On Venezuela ...	22 1/2
On Ecuador ...	22 1/2
On Uruguay ...	22 1/2
On Paraguay ...	22 1/2
On Bolivia ...	22 1/2
On Cuba ...	22 1/2
On Haiti ...	22 1/2
On Santo Domingo ...	22 1/2
On Mexico ...	22 1/2
On Central America ...	22 1/2
On the West Indies ...	22 1/2
On the Philippines ...	22 1/2
On the Malay Peninsula ...	22 1/2
On the East Indies ...	22 1/2
On the South Sea Islands ...	22 1/2
On the Pacific Islands ...	22 1/2
On the Atlantic Islands ...	22 1/2
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